

REGULAR MEETING AGENDA EAST KERN HEALTH CARE DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

5 p.m. Tuesday, August 6, 2024 (Hybrid Meeting) 9300 N Loop Blvd, California City, CA 93505

MISSION STATEMENT: "Building health, well-being, and resiliency"

NOTE: DIRECTOR PATRICK WILL BE PARTICIPATING REMOTELY FROM 424 OLIVE AVENUE, RIDGECREST, CA, 93555. PURSUANT TO THE BROWN ACT.

PLEASE CLICK THE LINK BELOW TO JOIN THE MEETING: https://us02web.zoom.us/j/84129221475?pwd=ISfgvay8wSfaWGebis9ndkJBGC7glu.1

OR TELEPHONE: US: +1 669 900 6833

WEBINAR ID: 841 2922 1475

PASSCODE: 714706

- 1. PLEDGE OF ALLEGIANCE/INVOCATION
- 2. ROLL CALL AND CALL TO ORDER
- 3. APPROVAL OF AGENDA

Board members can amend the agenda before or after someone makes a motion to adopt the agenda. To do this, any board member can motion to add items, delete items, or change things around. Once someone motions to amend the agenda, the board takes a vote, and the majority rules. The meeting will proceed according to the approved agenda.

	Motion:	Second:	Action:
4.	PUBLIC COMMEN	TS	
	the agenda and over w	vhich the Board has auth	s the Board on any matter NOT on nority. If you wish to speak, please omments to five (5) minutes.
5.	COMMUNITY ANN	OUNCEMENTS	
6.	PRESENTATIONS	OF PROCLAMATIC	NS & COMMENDATIONS
	Presentation of Pro	clamation in Memori	am for Richard P. Macedonio
7.	CONSENT CALEN	DAR	
	will be approved by on	e (1) motion if no memb ask questions. Public c	red routine, non-controversial, and er of the Board, Staff, or Public omment to be limited to five (5)
	A. APPROVAL OF MI 1. Regular Meeting		
	B. APPROVE WARRA1. Vendor Paymer2. Debit Card Trans	nt Approval	
	C. LETTER OF SUPP	ORT FOR REACH TRE	EVITALIZE GRANT APPLICATION
	Motion:	Second:	Action:
8.	CONTINUED BUSI	NESS	
	A. FACILITY REPORTS 1. North Loop Blvd 9278, 9300, 935 2. Bay Ave. Prope 8101 3. Boundary Surve 4. Topographical S	d. Property 50 erty ey Report	

B. STRATEGIC PLAN STATUS - TOM HAYES (RRH) AND KAREN MACEDONIO

2

(EKHCD)

- 1. Ridgecrest Regional Hospital (RRH) Annexation Update
- 2. RRH Updates
- C. RGS COMMUNICATION PLAN STATUS
- D. STRATEGIC PARTNERSHIPS AND KEY RELATIONSHIPS PLAN STATUS
 - 1. Kern County Public Health
 - 2. Community Action Partnership of Kern (CAPK)
- E. SURPLUS LAND ACT UPDATE
- 9. NEW BUSINESS
 - A. APPROVAL OF CONTRACT WITH HPSA ACUMEN FOR COMMUNITY HEALTH NEEDS ASSESMENT (CHNA) IN AMOUNT OF \$18,000

Motion:	Second:	_ Action:
	CUMENT PACKAGE AND ISTER FOR 9350 NORTH L	WORK ORDER WITH LOOP BLVD. SHADE COVER
Motion:	Second:	_ Action:
C. APPROVAL OF TIT LOOP BLVD. PROF		DESCRIPTION FOR NORTH
Mation	Second:	Actions

9. CLOSED SESSION

CS1: Conference with Real Property Negotiator ((§ 54956.8)

Property: 9300 N Loop Blvd., California City California City Agency Negotiator: Alex Lemieux

Negotiating Parties: Bartz-Altadonna

Under Negotiation: Price and Terms of Payment

CS2: Conference with Real Property Negotiator ((§ 54956.8) Property: 9350 N Loop Blvd., Modular Unit, California City Agency Negotiator: Alex Lemieux

Negotiating Parties: Adventist Health

Under Negotiation: Price and Terms of Payment

CS3: Public Employee Appointment ((Gov. Code Section 54957(b)(1).)

Title: Administrative Assistant

10. REPORT OUT OF CLOSED SESSION

11. PRESIDENTS COMMENTS

Brown Act Training
Certificates for Donald G. Parent

12. DIRECTORS COMMENTS

AB 1234 Employee Handbook Update – Director Peralta

13. FUTURE AGENDA ITEMS

- A. Logic Model
- B. Grant Policies and Procedures
- C. Administrative Code Update

14. ADJOURNMENT

Motion: Second	Action:
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Next Regular Meeting: Tuesday, August 20, 2024, at 5 p.m.

In person 9300 N Loop Blvd., California City, CA 93505 (and via Zoom)

"Pursuant to Government Code section 54952(a), any request for a disability-related modification or accommodation, including auxiliary aids or services, that is sought in order to participate in this agendized public meeting should be directed to the District's office at (760) 373-2804 at least 48 hours prior to said meeting"



IN MEMORIAM DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO

WHEREAS, the community served by the East Kern Health Care District were saddened to learn of the sudden passing of RICHARD P. MACEDONIO, the District's respected and highly regarded Director; and

WHEREAS, DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO was a known patriot of the United States of America, and was a proud first-generation American born in New York in 1943, and a resident of the State of California since 1947; and

WHEREAS, DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO demonstrated a vital interest in and sense of service to the local community in which he lived; and

WHEREAS, DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO was elected to the East Kern Health Care District Board of Directors in November 2020 and served as an esteemed Board Member, after previously serving as a Planning Commissioner with California City beginning in 2017; and

WHEREAS, DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO engaged his experience as Planning Commissioner at East Kern Health Care District, which included handling differences of opinion and competing priorities with grace and diplomacy; and

WHEREAS, DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO is remembered for his thoroughness in understanding the issues relating to the Health Care District, for always being prepared for discussion of items and matters, and for being willing to ask tough questions; and

WHEREAS, during his time as Director, DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO prevailed over various challenges and issues and thereby successfully addressed important issues including a Grand Jury investigation, the District's finances and budget, the upgrading of the District facilities on North Loop Avenue. in California City and the annexation of Ridgecrest Regional Hospital into the East Kern Healthcare District; and

WHEREAS, during his term, DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO gave energetically and generously of his time and intellect and through his Directorship, touched the lives of many people in the local area who will miss his leadership, humor, zest for life, and commitment to serving the public, and his interest in governance will be greatly missed; and

NOW, THEREFORE, the **BOARD OF DIRECTORS** of East Kern Health Care District, do hereby express to Richard's family, friends, and colleagues our deepest sense of loss upon the passing of **DIRECTOR RICHARD P. MACEDONIO.** Dated this 6th day of August, 2024.



KAREN MACEDONIO, CHAIR
LAMIYA PATRICK, VICE CHAIR
LOIS PERALTA, SECRETARY/TREASURER
DON PARENT DIRECTOR

VADENIMACEDONIO CITAID

Summary of Proceedings - Minutes EAST KERN HEALTH CARE DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Regular Meeting of July 16, 2024, 5 p.m.

MISSION STATEMENT: "Building health, well-being, and resiliency."

(Note: Motions are identified by maker's name in bold First: Second)

Video	Item	Action
Time		
Code	4 Diadas of	I. Donalta
0:19	1. Pledge of Allegiance	L. Peralta
0:49	2. Roll Call and Call to Order	Present were: L. Peralta, K. Macedonio, L. Patrick via teleconference in compliance with the Brown Act provisions, and the meeting was called to order by Chair Macedonio at 5:01 p.m. Donald Parent, a member of the public and candidate for a vacant seat on the Board, was present.
1:09	3. Approval of Agenda	Add emergency item to 9D on agenda for replacement of old equipment of A/C unit pursuant to Government Code Section 4920. Motion: Approve Agenda L Patrick: L. Peralta Motion Carried, 3-0
5:30	4. Public Comment	No comments.
5:41	5. Community Announcements	No comments.
6:01 pp. 6-8 of packet	6. Appointment of Candidate to Fill the Seat Vacated by Richard Macedonio	Chair Macedonio discussed filling a vacant seat on the Board and introduced candidate Donald Parent. The Board interviewed Mr. Parent and he shared his experiences as a veteran, including his time in Vietnam and his efforts to help other veterans through research and writing. General Counsel Alex Lemieux discussed the duties and responsibilities of a Board member in a Healthcare District. A motion was made and passed to appoint Mr. Parent to the vacant seat. Clerk Denise Silva swore in Donald Parent as a Director, and Director Parent voted on all subsequent action items for the remainder of the meeting. Motion: Appoint New Director

Item #7- A

		K Macedonio: L. Peralta Motion Carried, 2-1: Ayes: Macedonio, Peralta
		Nays: Patrick Abstain: None
		(Minutetaker's Note: note Legal Opinion regarding vote taken constituting a 2/3 vote at the end of these minutes as an addendum)
25:05	7. Consent Calendar: 7A. July 2, 2024 Consent Calendar	7A. No questions.
26:27 pp. 9- 13 of packet	7B. Minutes of 07/02/24	7B. No questions.
26:44 pp. 13 of packet	7C. Approve Warrants	7C. The Board reviewed the warrant list.
29:08 pp. 14- 21 of packet	7D. Financial Reports	7D. A financial report was made on the District's finances which included updated cash assets, accounts payable adjustments for audit, stable ongoing expenses, and regular payroll operations with increased lease income and liability insurance prepaid.
		Motion: Approve Consent Calendar.
36:59	8. Continued	L Peralta: L Patrick. Motion Carried, 4-0.
30.33	Business	
	8A. Facility Reports	8A. Chair Macedonio reported boundary and topographical surveys were conducted on the North Loop property. The survey results will be presented to the Board, including all maps and GIS data. Meister & Meister was awarded the job for the shade cover at Adventist Hill (9350 North Loop). All documents and bonds related to the project will be presented to the Board for approval on August 6. Work is expected to start on August 7 or shortly thereafter and will take approximately 90 days to complete.
		This item and reports were information-only; no votes were taken.
43:51 pp. 22 of packet	8B. Strategic Plan Status	8B. During the strategic plan update for Ridgecrest Regional Hospital, the Board and consultant Tom Hayes discussed the Community Health Assessment (CHNA) aims to contract with a firm to evaluate community health indicators, providing a strategic roadmap for district planning. California City, previously included in these assessments, has yet to be included in recent reports. Ridgecrest Regional Hospital must update its CHNA by 2025.

		Alimping California Citula data with this wastets will affect
		Aligning California City's data with this update will offer comprehensive information for future planning. Mr. Hayes shared that Ridgecrest Regional Hospital is a critical access hospital in Ridgecrest.
		This item and reports were information-only; no votes were taken.
55:17 pp. 23- 25 of packet	9. New Business 9A. Approval for East Kern Health Care District and Kern County Local Agency Formation Commission	9A. General Counsel Alex Lemieux stated the indemnification form required by LAFCO is standard and aims to protect against legal challenges related to annexation. The indemnification means that East Kern Health Care District must defend both its actions and LAFCO's in court, including
	(LAFCO) Indemnification	covering any related costs. This protects LAFCO, as a responsible public agency, by ensuring the health care district assumes responsibility for any legal defense and associated expenses.
		Motion: Approve Indemnification L Peralta: L. Patrick Motion Carried, 4-0.
58:57 pp. 26- 27 of packet	9B. Approval of Contract Addendum for Designer Joselito Lacson	9B. Chair Macedonio stated this is an addendum to the existing contract with a designer who is being utilized instead of an architect to save costs. The designer is responsible for all plans necessary for permits, including those for the shade cover and walkway construction project, which is estimated to take 90 days. Joselito Lacson, who will act as the project manager, estimates that an additional 40 hours will be needed to oversee this construction, ensuring everything aligns with the plans.
		Motion: Approve Contract Addendum L Peralta: L. Patrick Motion Carried, 4-0.
1:02:21 pp. 28- 30 of packet	9C. Approval of Contract Addendum for Regional Government Services	9C. Chair Macedonio stated the addendum to the existing contract with Regional Government Services (RGS), a joint powers authority serving local governments, extends their support for 2024-2025. RGS acts as the Board Clerk, providing timely administrative support, including document preparation and minute-taking. Additional funds are being requested for election-year outreach to engage potential candidates and the community.
		Motion: Approve Contract Addendum L Peralta: L Patrick Motion Carried, 4-0.
1:09:02	9D. Replacement of Old Equipment of A/C Unit	9D. Chair Macedonio stated the air conditioning condenser, which is currently in use and is 50 years old, needs urgent replacement as parts are no longer available. Under

		hoolthoore regulations, according complete air conditioning
		healthcare regulations, essential services like air conditioning
		must be operational to avoid business interruptions. The new
		unit will include a seven-year warranty, similar to the recently
		replaced condenser in the medical building. The old unit had
		no warranty due to its age.
		Motion: Approve Replacement of Old Equipment L Peralta: L Patrick Motion Carried, 4-0.
1:12:15	9. Closed Session	The Board moved into Closed Session for discussion of those
		items enumerated on the agenda cover.
1:45:38	10. Report Out of	Upon return to Open Session, General Counsel Alex Lemieux
	Closed Session	stated, "The Board met in a Closed Session on four items: CS1,
		CS2, CS3, and CS4. CS1, CS2, and CS3 all concerned
		conference with real property negotiator pursuant to Government
		Code Section 54956.8. The same negotiator for the Agency for
		each of the properties is me, Alex Lemieux; under negotiation is
		the price in terms of payment. For CS1, the property is 9300 North
		Loop Boulevard, California City, and 8101 Bay Avenue, California
		City. The negotiating party is Bartz-Altadonna for CS2; the
		property is 9350 North Loop Boulevard and Modular Unit. The
		negotiating party is Adventist Health for CS3; the properties are
		North Loop and Bay Avenue locations. The negotiating party is
		potential small space tenants. The Board took no reportable action
		on CS1, CS2, and CS3. CS4 concerns public employee
		appointment pursuant to Government Code 54957(b)(1) title,
		administrative assistant, and the Board took no reportable action
		on this item either. This concludes Counsel's Closed Session
		report."
1:47:25	11. President's	Chair Macedonio thanked RGS for creating a wonderful flyer in
1.47.23	Comments	the Board packet. She encouraged others to distribute the flyers
	Comments	and mentioned she would take some to the library.
1:47:57	10. Directors'	Chair Macedonio shared the candidate advocacy efforts were
1.47.07	Comments	highly successful, with an excellent reception at the Dolores
	Comments	Huerta Foundation last night and a potential candidate expressing
		interest in running for one of the three vacant seats in the
		upcoming November election.
		apcoming November Glection.
		To finalize the employee handbook, a meeting with Director
		Peralta, Director Patrick, the labor attorney, and General Counsel
		Alex Lemieux needs to be scheduled. This meeting is planned for
		next week, and the completed handbook will be presented to the
		Board for approval on August 6.
1:49:20	11. Future Agenda	Test and approved out to good or
	Items	
	11A. Logic Model	11A. No comments.
	11B. Grant Policies	11B. No comments.
	and Procedures	
	<u> </u>	ı

	11C. Employee Handbook Update	11C. Directors Peralta and Patrick to meet with General Counsel Alex Lemieux and labor attorney next week regarding employee handbook revisions.
	11D. Strategic Partnerships and Key Relationships	11D. Bring back discussion of strategic partnerships and relationships with local agencies to future meeting.
		This item and reports were information-only; no votes were taken.
1:52:30	Adjournment	Motion to Adjourn at 6:54 p.m.
		L Peralta: L Patrick Motion Carried, 4-0

*Addendum to the Minutes regarding procedure of vote establishing Donald Parent as a Board Member to fill the seat vacated by Director Richard Macedonio, from District General Counsel Lemieux:

The question is whether 2 out of 3 remaining members (2/3) constitutes a majority for decision-making purposes, or must there be a majority of the total original board membership (3/5). There is a difference between the number for a quorum and majority. Typically, a quorum (minimum number of members present to conduct business) is based on the total authorized seats, not just filled seats. In this case, that would be 3 out of 5. A majority is usually defined as more than half of the members present and voting, assuming a quorum is met. However, special districts must check the governing statute and code to determine if a special rule applies. Note also that some actions require supermajorities or unanimous votes (such as certain kinds of bond issues).

The District's Administrative Code at 2-1.303 ("UNSCHEDULED VACANCIES") only says "the remaining Directors may fill such vacancy by appointment or by calling an election", which does not answer the question. The Health Care District Act is also silent on this issue. Therefore the common-law rule controls. The common-law rule, provides that "[t]hree members of the board shall constitute a quorum for the purpose of transacting any business of the board." (See Civ. Code, § 12 ["Words giving a joint authority to three or more public officers or other persons are construed as giving such authority to a majority of them, unless it is otherwise expressed in the Act giving the authority"]; Code Civ. Proc., § 15 [same].) "The almost universally accepted common-law rule ... is, in the absence of a contrary statutory provision, a majority of a quorum constituted of a simple majority of a collective body is empowered to act for the body. Where the enabling statute is silent on the question, the body is justified in adhering to that common-law rule." (F.T.C. v. Flotill Products, Inc. (1967) 389 U.S. 179, 183–184, 88 S.Ct. 401, 19 L.Ed.2d 398, fn. omitted; see also McCracken v. City of San Francisco (1860) 16 Cal. 591, 602.)

Although not binding, it is persuasive that Robert's Rules of Order defines a majority as "more than half" of the votes cast by persons legally entitled to vote, excluding blank ballots or abstentions. This is referred to as a "simple majority." Mason's has a similar approach. With respect to who may be counted in determining a quorum, Mason states: "2. Every member entitled to vote should be counted in determining whether a quorum is present, but members disqualified on account of interest from voting on any question cannot be counted for the purpose of making a quorum to act on that question." (Mason's Manual of Legislative Procedure (1979) § 502, p. 345, see also Roberts' § 39, p. 293.) Vacant seats are analogous to members disqualified from voting.

Here, three Board members were present at the meeting and a majority of the quorum approved the appointment of the new Board member. Under the Health Care District Act and the common law, the Board's appointment was procedurally valid.

DATE: August 6, 2024 VENDOR PAYMENT LIST Board approval _____

VENDOR	MEMO LINE	AMOUNT
City of California City - Water	2024 – 0614 to 0713 Act # 101730.03, 8101 Bay Ave \$70.00 Act # 103347.01, 9300 N Loop \$307.44	\$377.44
Crossbolt Electric	2024 – 0701, Inv 86 Replace 2 60-amp main breakers, Bartz, 9300 N Loop	\$500.00
Digitech	2024 – 0701 Monthly Fees, Inv 18212	\$42.99
Golden Hills IT	2024 – 0901, Inv 2776 Managed Tier Services	\$1130.50
Kern County – Auditor/Controller	LAFCo operating costs 2024-25 EVA: Do we want to be billed automatically via Journal Entry in future?	\$97.00
Lacson, Joselito, Designer	2024 – 0705, Inv 2418 Addendum 2, Task 2, Shade cover and walkway, 9300/9350 N Loop, \$1250.00 Inv 2419 Misc Project N Loop Property \$875.00	\$2125.00
Miranda, Luciano	2024 – 0719, No number invoice, one- time week clean up Bay Ave, \$385.00 2024 – 0730, No number invoice, July, N Loop Properties	\$885.00
Mobile Modular	2024 – 0717 to 0815, Inv 2592822	\$855.33
Nigro & Nigro	2024 – 0720, Interim Audit work for June 30, 2024 Work anticipated to start September 2024.	\$6000.00
Reliable A/C and Heating	2024 – 0712, Inv 21723 A/C Service Call West Point, \$275.00	\$12,275.00

		12 Checks, Total \$24,818.95
WM	2024 – 0701 to 0731, 9300 N Loop, Inv 3934647-4808-5 Note: Rate increase approved by City Council June 25, 2024. Have requested service adjustment to 1 x week pickup on 3-yd bin, plus 1.5 yd recycling dumpster. Will monitor to make sure adequate service.	\$512.83
So Cal Gas	049 013 9910 7, 9300 N Loop 2024 – 0610 to 0710	\$17.86
	2024 – 0723, Inv 21732 9300 N Loop, Ruud Five Ton 3 Phase Rooftop A/C Unit. Model RGEAZR060ACT10UNA S/N F472300309	

DATE: August 6, 2024 DEBIT CARD PAYMENT LIST Board approval _____

VENDOR	MEMO LINE	AMOUNT
USPS	2024 -0722 Certified Mail, Grand Jury Response, \$9.96, 100 Forever Stamps, \$73.00	\$82.96
CSDA	2024 – 0724, 10 copies of Brown Act Compliance Manual, 2 nd Edition	\$200.00
USPS	2024 – 0730 Postage to mail 2 CSDA Brown Act Compliance Booklets to RRH	\$4.01
Amazon	2024 – 0801 Inv 113-7926393-4391466, Document Frame 81/2 x 11	\$55.76
		4 items, Total \$372.73



August 6, 2024

REACH PO BOX 2318 Caliornia City, CA 93504

To Whom It May Concern,,

East Kern Health Care District, a California Special District, is expressing our strong support for REACH's "TreeVitalize: Sowing Community Roots Together" project. We are excited about the potential health benefits this project will bring to our community by enhancing green spaces and promoting environmental sustainability.

The "TreeVitalize" project aligns with our mission to improve the health and well-being of our residents. Research has consistently shown that green spaces contribute to better physical and mental health outcomes, including reduced stress levels, improved air quality, and increased opportunities for physical activity.

We believe that the "TreeVitalize: Sowing Community Roots Together" project will have a profound and lasting impact on the health of our community. The East Kern Health Care District is proud to support this initiative and looks forward to collaborating with REACH to achieve its goals.

Thank you for your dedication to improving our community, and please do not hesitate to contact us if you require any additional information or support.

Sincerely,

Karen L Macedonio, President East Kern Health Care District

> PO Box 2546 California City, CA 93504 760-373-2804

REACH Project Details:

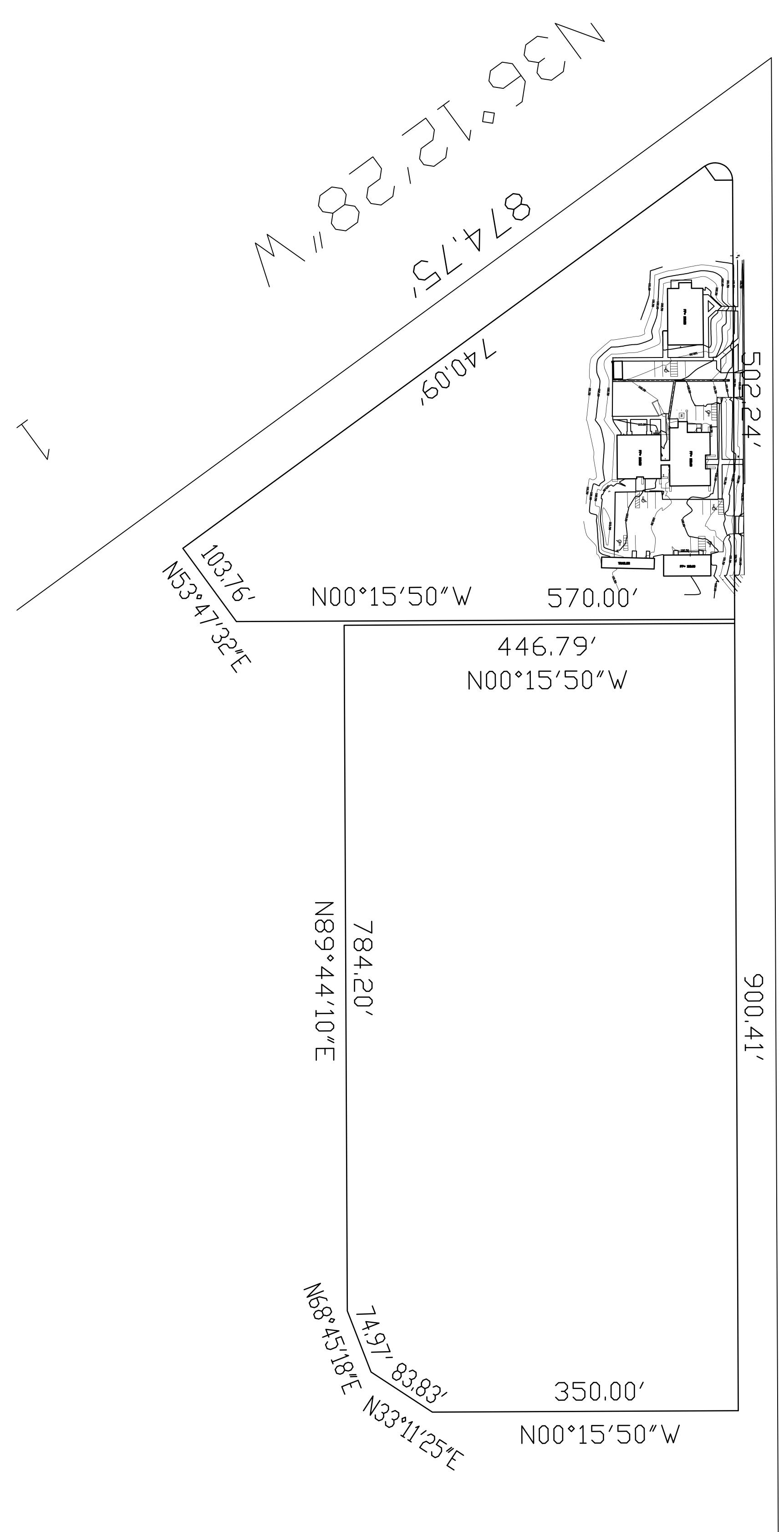
TreeVitalize: Sowing Community Roots Together

Introduction: Our project aims to foster urban forestry within the community by increasing tree canopy, addressing nature deprivation, providing access to green jobs, combating food insecurity, and mitigating urban heat. This initiative will span over three years, each with specific goals, strategies, and measurable outcomes.

Addressing Target Goals:

- Increasing Tree Canopy: Through a targeted tree planting strategy, we aim to increase the urban tree canopy by 10% over three years, prioritizing areas with low existing coverage.
- Nature Deprivation: By creating and enhancing green spaces, we will provide residents, especially those in underserved areas, with greater access to nature, promoting mental and physical well-being.
- Access to Green Jobs: Our training programs and partnerships with job centers will
 facilitate pathways to green employment, offering skills and opportunities in urban
 forestry and environmental management.
- 4. **Food Insecurity:** We will incorporate fruit-bearing trees into our planting plans, providing fresh produce to the community and supporting local food systems.
- Urban Heat: By increasing tree coverage, we aim to reduce urban heat islands, thereby lowering temperatures and enhancing the quality of life in densely populated areas.

Conclusion: This project will not only beautify the community but also provide environmental, economic, and social benefits. Our comprehensive approach ensures that we engage residents, build capacity, and achieve tangible outcomes that address critical urban challenges.



Updated Surplus Land Act Guidelines Final



Gavin Newsom, Governor State of California

Tomiquia Moss, Secretary
Business, Consumer Services and Housing Agency

Gustavo Velasquez, Director
California Department of Housing and Community Development

651 Bannon Street, Suite 400 Sacramento, CA 95811 916-263-7400

Originally issued April 2021 August 1, 2024

Item # 8 - E

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OVERVIEW

Article I summarizes the purpose and scope of the Surplus Land Act (SLA) by identifying the objectives of these Guidelines and defining key terms within the law. This section also defines lands exempt from the provisions of the SLA.

Article II describes the mechanisms for identifying and disposing of surplus lands. This Article also describes requirements for developments built upon disposed surplus land, surplus land in which no sale took place under the auspices of the SLA, and requirements for affordable housing on surplus land that is developed at a later date.

Article III identifies the affordable housing requirements for developments built upon disposed surplus land.

Article IV summarizes the notification, recording, and reporting requirements to the California Department of Housing and Community Development (HCD) under the SLA.

Article V explains HCD's obligations to monitor local agency compliance with the SLA and identifies the escalating penalties associated with noncompliance.

ARTICLE I. PROGRAM OVERVIEW

Assembly Bill (AB) 1486 (Statutes of 2019, Chapter 664) and AB 1255 (Statutes of 2019, Chapter 661) made changes to the SLA found in **Government Code**, **Title 5**, **Division 2**, **Part 1**, **Chapter 5**, **Article 8**. **Surplus Land**. Generally, the purpose of the amendments is to promote affordable housing development on surplus land throughout the state to respond to the existing affordable housing crisis. The amendments to the SLA adopted with AB 1486 and AB 1255 clarify and strengthen reporting and enforcement provisions of the SLA to promote increased compliance with the SLA. Moreover, some of the changes in these updated Guidelines are the result of subsequently enacted legislation.

AB 1486 took effect on January 1, 2020. As of that date, HCD began reviewing notices that local agencies are required to send by email or certified mail pursuant to Government Code section 54222(a)(1) and examining complaints and other information received or requested to confirm compliance with the SLA pursuant to Government Code section 65585.1. As of that date, HCD also began collecting (in Table G of the Housing Element Annual Progress Report (APR)) information on jurisdiction-owned sites identified in the housing element sites inventory, and subsequently disposed of by the jurisdiction.

As of January 1, 2021, HCD was required to begin implementing Government Code section 54230.5, including, but not limited to, adopting these Guidelines; reviewing each local agency's description of the notices of availability sent, description of negotiations conducted with any responding entities, and copies of any restrictions to be recorded against the property pursuant to Government Code sections 54233 or 54233.5; submitting written findings to local agencies; and, if necessary, assessing penalties, in conjunction with the Attorney General, to local agencies that dispose of surplus property in violation of the SLA.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54222, section 54230, section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(A), section 54233, section 54233, section 54233.5, section 65585.1.

Section 100. Applicability

These updated SLA Guidelines (hereinafter "Guidelines") apply on or after the date adopted as shown on the cover page. The application of these updated Guidelines to the disposition of surplus land shall be determined by the date of issuance of the Notice of Availability (NOA). The applicability of these updated Guidelines to exempt determinations shall be determined by the date that the property was declared exempt surplus land. Regardless of when Guidelines were adopted, the Surplus Land Act as amended is applicable to local agencies upon the date amendments went into effect.

Section 101. Guidelines

- (a) These SLA Guidelines implement, interpret, and make specific the text of the SLA. The forms linked in the Appendices of these Guidelines may be updated from time to time upon approval by the Director of HCD or the Director's designee.
- (b) These Guidelines establish and revise terms, conditions, forms, and procedures for the proper identification and disposition of various types of surplus land, as well as provide

detail on expectations and sanctions related to SLA compliance. Major actors and their responsibilities include, but are not limited to:

(1) Local agencies:

- (A) Provide NOAs of surplus land for lease or purchase to local public entities and housing sponsors as required by Government Code section 54222 on the form provided in Appendix A;
- (B) Where applicable, receive notices of interest from entities desiring to purchase or lease surplus land and negotiate with entities in good faith;
- (C) Provide HCD with descriptions of the NOAs sent, proof of sending the NOA to the CalHFA-certified housing sponsor list and local public entities within whose jurisdiction the surplus land is located, and description of negotiations conducted with any responding entities regarding the disposal of the surplus land on the form provided in Appendix B;
- (D) Forward to HCD a copy of any restrictions recorded or to be recorded against the surplus land pursuant to Government Code section 54233 or 54233.5, whichever is applicable, in the form prescribed by HCD in Appendix B; and
- (E) If the local agency is a city or county, beginning April 1, 2021, the local agency must report annually information about all locally owned surplus land sites pursuant to Government Code section 54230. Reporting shall be in table H of the Annual Progress Report (APR) in accordance with APR instructions.
- (2) Housing sponsors, as defined by section 50074 of the Health and Safety Code, may notify HCD of their interest in surplus land pursuant to Government Code section 54222(a)(1) using the survey in Appendix D.
- (3) HCD will maintain updates of interested housing sponsors and inventories of publicly owned surplus land and a list of NOAs.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54221, section 54222, section 54230, section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(A), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D), section 54233, section 54233.5; Health and Safety Code section 50074.

Section 102. Definitions

All terms not defined below shall, unless their context suggests otherwise, be interpreted in accordance with the meanings of terms provided in the SLA and Article 10.6 of Government Code sections 65580 – 65589.11 (housing elements). For terms defined in statute, any changes to the statutory definition shall supersede the definition in these Guidelines.

- (a) "Affordable housing" means housing available at affordable housing cost, as defined in section 50052.5 of the Health and Safety Code, to lower-income households, or affordable rent, as defined in section 50053 of the Health and Safety Code, to lower-income households, as defined in section 50079.5 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (b) **"Affordable housing cost"** means that for owner-occupied housing, the sales price is restricted for a minimum of 45 years, and 50 years for housing located on tribal trust lands. The monthly ownership cost, including principal, interest, taxes, insurance, and utilities, equals:
 - (1) For extremely low-income households, the product of 30 percent times 30 percent of the area median income (AMI) adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.
 - (2) For very low-income households, the product of 30 percent times 50 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.
 - (3) For lower-income households whose gross incomes exceed the maximum income for very low-income households and does not exceed 70 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size, the product of 30 percent times 70 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit. In addition, for any lower-income household that has a gross income that equals or exceeds 70 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size,it shall be optional for any state or local funding agency to require that affordable housing cost not exceed 30 percent of the gross income of the household.
 - (4) For moderate-income households, affordable housing cost shall not be less than 28 percent of the gross income of the household, nor exceed the product of 35 percent times 110 percent of AMI adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit. In addition, for any moderate-income household that has a gross income that exceeds 110 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size, it shall be optional for any state or local funding agency to require that affordable housing cost not exceed 35 percent of the gross income of the household.
- (c) "Affordable rent" means that for rental housing, the rent is restricted for a minimum of 55 years, and 50 years for housing located on tribal trust lands. Including a reasonable utility allowance, rent shall not exceed:
 - (1) For extremely low-income households, the product of 30 percent times 30 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.
 - (2) For very low-income households, the product of 30 percent times 50 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit.

- (3) For lower-income households whose gross incomes exceed the maximum income for very low-income households, the product of 30 percent times 60 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit. In addition, for those lower-income households with gross incomes that exceed 60 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size, it shall be optional for any state or local funding agency to require that affordable rent be established at a level not to exceed 30 percent of the gross income of the household.
- (4) For moderate-income households, the product of 30 percent times 110 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size appropriate for the unit. In addition, for those moderate-income households whose gross incomes exceed 110 percent of the AMI adjusted for family size, it shall be optional for any state or local funding agency to require that affordable rent be established at a level not to exceed 30 percent of the gross income of the household.
- (d) "APR" means the Annual Progress Report from each city or county detailing the agency's implementation of the housing element of its general plan submitted to and using forms and definitions adopted by HCD.
- (e) "Assisted unit" means a unit that is subject to rent and/or occupancy restrictions, as a result of financial assistance, as specified in a regulatory agreement.
- (f) "CalHFA" means the California Housing Finance Agency.
- (g) "Description of negotiations" means a written summary of the negotiations that occurred between the local agency and each entity which responded to an NOA. The written summary must be accompanied by copies of written correspondence (e.g., emails, letters, etc.) that include, if applicable, (1) the respondent's interest in the surplus land, (2) the local agency's request for additional information from the respondent, (3) any responses to such requests, (4) a description of any significant changes proposed by the respondent, (5) confirmation from the local agency to the respondent indicating negotiations have concluded, and (6) if applicable, a copy of the draft Purchase and Sale Agreement, Disposition and Development Agreement, Lease Agreement or Exclusive Negotiating Agreement. This information shall be provided to HCD in a form prescribed by HCD in Appendix B.
- (h) "Determination Letter" is a letter that HCD sends to a local agency when HCD finds that the local agency has corrected all issues identified by HCD in a Findings Letter or if HCD concurs that the local agency's process for disposing of surplus land complies with the SLA.
- (i) "Disposition of surplus land."
 - (1) Disposition means:
 - (A) The sale of surplus land, including land exchanged for monetary or nonmonetary consideration.

- (B) The entering of a lease for surplus land for a term longer than 15 years, inclusive of any extension or renewal options included in the terms of the initial lease, entered into on or after January 1, 2024. A lease with a term of 15 years or less that includes an option to extend or renew is a disposition if the sum of the term of the original lease and the extension or renewal is greater than 15 years. A lease that is for a term of 15 years or less that includes an option to purchase is considered a disposition of surplus land at the time the lease is executed.
- (2) Disposition does not mean:
 - (A) The entering of a lease for surplus land for a term of 15 years or less, inclusive of any extension or renewal options included in the terms of the initial lease.
 - (B) The entering of a lease for surplus land on which no development or demolition will occur, regardless of the term of the lease.
 - (i) For the purposes of this section, development means the process of changing the character of the land from its existing condition to a more useable condition by constructing or placing a building or buildings on the land, preparing the land for such construction, or reusing an existing building for a purpose other than the purpose for which it was originally built or designed.
 - (ii) For the purposes of this section, demolition means the deliberate dismantling, destruction, or removal of an entire building or significant portions of a building, rendering it unfit for use.
 - (iii) Development and demolition do not include making improvements, renovations, or updates to an existing building, while preserving its structural integrity, or replacing an existing building that has reached the end of its structural life with a building that will be used for the same purpose.
- (3) If a local agency is unsure whether a transaction involving local agency-owned land meets this definition, they are encouraged to seek additional guidance from HCD via the <u>Surplus Land Act Portal</u>.
- (j) "Disposition and Development Agreement (DDA)" means an agreement between a developer and a local agency that binds the developer to construct a specific development and the local agency to dispose of the property to the developer if permits and other entitlements for the project are obtained and other applicable conditions are met.
- (k) "District" includes all districts within the state, including, but not limited to, all special districts, sewer, water, utility, and local and regional park districts, and any other political subdivision of the state that is a district. The California State Controller provides information about districts at https://districts.bythenumbers.sco.ca.gov/#!/year/default.

- (I) "Exclusive Negotiating Agreement (ENA)" means a legally binding agreement that binds a prospective buyer and seller under which the seller cannot negotiate with, entertain offers from, or make any similar deals with other potential buyers for a specified period regarding a particular property.
- (m) "Expression-of-interest list" means the list maintained by HCD on its website of developers that have notified HCD of their interest in purchasing or leasing surplus property.
- (n) "Fair market value" is the price a particular parcel would sell for on the open market when certain conditions are met. Those conditions are: (1) the parties involved are aware of all the facts, (2) are acting in their own interest, (3) are free of any pressure to buy or sell, and (4) have ample time to make the decision. In cases where fair market value has not been established, the parties may seek a broker's opinion of value, or an appraisal may be conducted. If, following a single appraisal, consensus on fair market value remains absent, a second appraisal is frequently obtained. If consensus on fair market value is not reached after the second appraisal, the parties may average the results of the two appraisals, or a third appraisal may be obtained. Nothing in these Guidelines prevents a local agency from selling or leasing surplus land for fair market value or fair market rent or less than fair market value or fair market rent.
- (o) "Findings Letter" is the initial letter HCD sends to a local agency informing the local agency whether it is potentially in violation of the SLA. A local agency may respond to a Findings Letter that notifies the local agency of potential violations by either providing evidence and arguments it is not in violation of the SLA or by providing a plan to cure and correct the violations identified in the Findings Letter.
- (p) **"Good faith negotiation"** means to deal honestly and fairly with the other party throughout the negotiation process whether or not the negotiation results in a contract. For specific documentation requirements, see Section 202(a).
- (q) "HCD" means the California Department of Housing and Community Development.
- (r) "Housing sponsor" means any individual, joint venture, partnership, limited partnership, trust, corporation, limited equity housing cooperative, cooperative, local public entity, duly constituted governing body of an Indian reservation or rancheria, tribally designated housing entity, or other legal entity, or any combination thereof, certified by CalHFA pursuant to rules and regulations of CalHFA as qualified to either own, construct, acquire, or rehabilitate a housing development, whether for profit, nonprofit, or organized for limited profit, and subject to the regulatory powers of CalHFA pursuant to rules and regulations of CalHFA and other specified terms and conditions. A developer can become a self-certified housing sponsor in accordance with CalHFA's procedures on the form as provided at https://www.calhfa.ca.gov/apps/HSC. "Housing sponsor" includes persons and families of low or moderate income who are approved by CalHFA as eligible to own and occupy a housing development and individuals and legal entities receiving property improvement loans through CalHFA.
- (s) "Local agency" means every city, whether organized under general law or by charter,

county, city and county, district, including school, sewer, water, utility, and local and regional park districts of any kind or class, joint powers authority, successor agency to a former redevelopment agency, housing authority, or other political subdivision of this state and any instrumentality thereof that is empowered to acquire and hold real property.

- (t) "Local Public Entity" means any county, city, city and county, the duly constituted governing body of an Indian reservation or rancheria, tribally designated housing entity as defined in Section 4103 of Title 25 of the United States Code and Section 50104.6.5, redevelopment agency organized pursuant to Part 1 (commencing with Section 33000) of Division 24, or housing authority organized pursuant to Part 2 (commencing with Section 34200) of Division 24, and also includes any state agency, public district, or other political subdivision of the state, and any instrumentality thereof, that is authorized to engage in or assist in the development or operation of housing for persons and families of low or moderate income. "Local public entity" also includes two or more local public entities acting jointly.
- (u) "Lower-income households" means persons and families whose income does not exceed the qualifying limits for lower-income families as established and amended from time to time pursuant to Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937 and published by HCD pursuant to section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code. Lower-income households includes very low-income households, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 50105, and extremely low-income households, as defined in Health and Safety Code section 50106. The income limits published by HCD can be found at https://www.hcd.ca.gov/grants-and-funding/income-limits.
- (v) "Notice of Alleged Violation" is a written communication sent to a local agency (with a copy to HCD) by a public (not HCD) or private entity alleging violations of the SLA.
- (w) "Notice of Violation (NOV)" is a letter sent by HCD to a local agency after a Findings Letter has been sent, informing the local agency it is in violation of the SLA and the local agency may be subject to further enforcement if the local agency does not cure or correct the violations within 60 days, including but not limited to referral to the California Office of the Attorney General and financial penalties.
- (x) "Open-space purposes" means the use of land for public recreation, enjoyment of scenic beauty, or conservation or use of natural resources.
- (y) "Option to lease" means a contract by which a local agency enters an agreement with another entity to allow the latter to lease surplus land at a specified rate for a specified term, or within a reasonable time in the future, but without imposing an obligation to lease upon the option holder.
- (z) **"Option to purchase"** means a contract by which a local agency enters an agreement with another entity to allow the latter to purchase surplus land at a specified price, or within a reasonable time in the future, but without imposing an obligation to purchase upon the option holder.
- (aa) "Persons and families of low or moderate income" means persons and families whose income does not exceed 120 percent of AMI adjusted for familysize by HCD in accordance

with adjustment factors adopted and amended from time totime by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development pursuant to Section 8 of the United States Housing Act of 1937. The income limits published by HCD can be found at https://www.hcd.ca.gov/grants-and-funding/income-limits.

- (bb) "Planning period" means the time period between the due date for an agency's preparation or update of its housing element and the due date for the next housing element according to the applicable schedule described in paragraphs (2) and (3) of subdivision (e) of Government Code section 65588. Generally, the "Planning period" iseight years.
- (cc) "RHNA" means the Regional Housing Needs Allocation to be developed by HCD in consultation with each council of governments, where appropriate, which shall determine the existing and projected need for housing for each region.
- (dd) "Surplus land" means land owned in fee simple for which a local agency's governing body takes formal action at a regular public meeting declaring land to be surplus and not necessary for a local agency's use (as defined in section 104 of these Guidelines). Land must be declared either "surplus" or "exempt surplus" as supported by written findings before a local agency may take any action to dispose of it consistent with an agency's policies or procedures. A local agency, on an annual basis, may declare multiple parcels as "surplus" or "exempt surplus."
- (ee) "Transitional housing" means a rental housing development operating under programmatic constraints that require the termination of assistance after a specified time or event, in no case less than six months after initial occupancy, and the re-rentingofthe assisted unit to another eligible participant.
- (ff) "Unit" means a residential unit that is used as a primary residence by its occupants, consistent with the definition of a unit as utilized by the United States Census Bureau and the California Department of Finance, including efficiency units, residential hotel units, and units used as transitional housing.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54221, section 54222, section 54222.5, section 54223, section 54226, section 54230, section 54230.5, section 54233, section 54234, section 65400, sections 65580 – 65589.11; Health and Safety Code section 50052.5, section 50053, section 50074, section 50079.5, section 50093; Public Resources Code, Division 13 (section 21000 et seq.).

Section 103. Exemptions

- (a) These Guidelines apply to the disposal of all surplus land and exempt surplus land, as defined in Government Code section 54221. However, exempt surplus land is not subject to Articles II and III of these Guidelines.
- (b) Surplus land that meets one or more of the following conditions in this subsection is not subject to Articles II and III of these Guidelines, but is still subject to the provisions of the SLA as it existed on December 31, 2019:

- (1) Land for which the local agency entered into an ENA or legally binding agreement to dispose of property as of September 30, 2019, provided the disposition is completed by December 31, 2027.
- (2) Land related to the Metro North Hollywood Joint Development Project for which the local agency entered into an ENA or legally binding agreement to dispose of the property as of September 30, 2019, and the disposition of the property to the party that had entered into such an agreement, or its successors or assigns, is completed by December 31, 2027.
- (3) Land for which the local agency has, by September 30, 2019, issued a competitive request for proposals (RFP) for the development of property that includes at least 100 residential units with at least 25 percent of the total residential units restricted to lower-income households with an affordable housing cost or affordable rent for a minimum of 55 years for rental housing, 45 years for ownership housing and 50 years for rental or ownership housing located on tribal trust lands; and the local agency enters into a disposition and development agreement (DDA) by December 31, 2027.
 - (A) A joint development involving multiple parcels for which the local agency has issued a single competitive RFP by September 30, 2019, is exempt from Articles II and III of these Guidelines so long as the joint development meets all the other requirements in paragraph (3) above.
 - (B) Paragraph (3) above does not apply to land held in the Community Redevelopment Property Trust Fund pursuant to section 34191.4 of the Health and Safety Code, or that has been designated in a long-range property management plan pursuant to section 34191.5 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (4) The deadline for disposal of property set out in paragraphs (1), (2), and (3) above shall be extended if the disposition of the property, the local agency's right or ability to dispose of the property, or a development project for which such property is proposed to be transferred is the subject of judicial challenge by petition for writ of mandate, complaint for declaratory relief or otherwise. Such extension shall be six months following the conclusion of such litigation.
- (5) Land held in the Community Redevelopment Property Trust Fund or designated in a long-range property management plan, provided the disposition of the property meets one of the following:
 - (A) Land for which the local agency entered into an ENA or legally binding agreement to dispose of the property as of December 31, 2020, and the disposition of the property to the party that had entered into such agreement, or its successors or assigns, was completed by December 31, 2027.
 - (B) The deadline for disposal of the property set out in paragraphs (5) and (5)(A) above shall be extended if the land subject to the Community Redevelopment Property Trust Fund or the long-range property management plan is the

subject of litigation, including, but not limited to, litigation challenging the disposition of such property, the right or ability to dispose of the property, or a development project for which such property is proposed to be transferred. Such extension shall be six months following the conclusion of such litigation.

- (6) HCD has no authority to waive or amend the statutory deadlines specified in paragraphs (1)-(5) above.
- (7) Reviving Terminated Agreements. If a local agency failed to qualify for one of the grandfathering provisions found in a prior version of Government Code section 54234 because the final disposition of surplus land proposed for sale in an ENA, DDA, or other legally binding agreement was not completed before a prior statutory deadline (generally December 31, 2022), a local agency may seek, at its sole reasonable discretion, to revive the previous ENA, DDA, or legally binding agreement along substantially similar terms and qualify for the new December 31, 2027, deadline established in statute.
- (c) Land declared to be exempt surplus land by the local agency. With the exception of the exemptions identified in 103(c)(1) below, the governing board of a local agency must declare the property to be "exempt surplus land" at a regular public meeting and the declaration must be supported by written findings demonstrating that the land is of one or more of the following types:
 - (1) For exempt surplus land identified in Government Code section 54221(f)(1)(A), (B), (E), (K), (L), or (Q), a local agency may, instead, elect to identify the land in a public notice that is published by the local agency and available for public comment. Notice must also be provided to the entities identified in Section 201(a) of these Guidelines. The local agency must provide notice at least 30 days before the exemption takes effect.
 - (2) City- and County-Owned Land for Affordable Housing. County-owned surplus land transferred for the development of affordable housing must meet the requirements of Government Code section 25539.4. City-owned surplus land transferred for the development of affordable housing must meet the requirements of Government Code section 37364.
 - (A) Local agencies must, once a developer has been selected, submit to HCD a DDA, ENA or lease that confirms the requirements of Government Code section 54221(f)(1)(A) have been met.
 - (3) Small Surplus Land Parcels. Land that is:
 - (A) Less than one-half acre in area (21,780 square feet) and is not contiguous to land owned by a state or local agency that is used for open-space or low- and moderate-income housing purposes.
 - (i) For the purposes of these Guidelines, each parcel of land shall be considered a distinct unit of exempt surplus land, except that contiguous parcels that are disposed of simultaneously to the same receiving entity,

or any entity working in concert with another receiving entity, shall be treated as a single unit of land.

- (4) Exchange of Surplus Land. Surplus land that a local agency is exchanging for another property or easement necessary for the local agency's use.
- (5) Local Agency to Agency Surplus Land Transfer. Surplus land that is transferred to another local, state, federal agency, or federally recognized California Indian tribe for the transferee agency's use. Surplus land may also be transferred to a third party intermediary if that third party agrees to make no change in use to the property, and the third party acquires the land through a legally binding document that clearly binds the receiving local agency to use the property for the receiving agency's use and includes a date for eventual transfer of the property to the receiving agency within a reasonable time period.
- (6) Surplus Street Land. Surplus land that is a former street, right of way, oreasement, and is conveyed to an owner of an adjacent property.
- (7) Mixed-Use Developments for Affordable Housing. Land disposed for any of the purposes identified below:
 - (A) A housing development (including mixed-use developments with ancillary commercial ground floor uses) that restricts 100 percent of the residential units to persons and families of low or moderate income, with at least 75 percent of the residential units restricted to lower-income households as affordable housing pursuant to section 102(a) of these Guidelines. In no event shall the maximum affordable sales price or rent level be higher than 20 percent below the median market rents or sales prices for the neighborhood in which the site is located. The requirements of Section 102(a) shall be contained in a covenant or restriction recorded against the surplus land at the time of sale that shall run with the land and be enforceable against any owner who violates the covenant or restriction and each successor in interest who continues the violation.
 - (i) For purposes of this subsection, neighborhood means the zip code in which the site is located. A local agency disposing of land for housing development pursuant to (i) above may use the most recent median market rents and sales price data for the zip code in which the site is located to calculate the affordable sales price and rent level of restricted units.
 - (B) A mixed-use development on surplus land that is more than one acre but less than 10 acres in area. The land may be a single parcel or multiple adjacent or non-adjacent parcels. The development must include not less than 300 residential units and restrict at least 25 percent of the residential units to lower-income households as affordable housing pursuant to section 102(a) of these Guidelines. The requirements of Section 102(a) shall be contained in a covenant or restriction recorded against the surplus land at the time of sale that shall run with the land and be enforceable against any owner who

violates the covenant or restriction and each successor in interest who continues the violation.

- (i) To qualify for this exemption, a local agency must either follow the local agency's open, competitive solicitation process or put the property out to an open, competitive bid in which all entities identified in Section 201(a) of these Guidelines are invited to participate.
- (C) Surplus land totaling 10 or more acres, consisting of either a single parcel or two or more adjacent or non-adjacent parcels combined for disposition to one or more buyers pursuant to a plan or ordinance adopted by the legislative body of the local agency or to a state statute if all of the following conditions are met:
 - (i) The completed development will consist of the greater of either:
 - I. 300 or more residential units, or
 - II. A number of residential units equal to 10 times the number of acres of the surplus land (e.g., a 40-acre development requires 400 residential units) or 10,000 residential units, whichever is less.
 - (ii) A local agency must either follow their local agency's open, competitive solicitation process or put the property out to an open, competitive bid in which all entities identified in Section 201(a) of these Guidelines are invited to participate.
 - (iii) The development restricts at least 25 percent of the residential units to lower-income households as affordable housing pursuant to Section 102(a) of these Guidelines. The requirements of Section 102(a) shall be contained in a covenant or restriction recorded against the surplus land at the time of sale that shall run with the land and be enforceable against any owner who violates the covenant or restriction and each successor in interest who continues the violation.
 - (iv) In mixed-use developments, residential housing must be constructed concurrently with non-residential development. If nonresidential development (e.g., commercial development) is included in the development, at least 25 percent of the total planned affordable units shall be made available for lease or sale and permitted for use and occupancy before or at the same time as at least 25 percent of nonresidential development is made available for lease or sale and permitted for use and occupancy.
 - I. Percent of nonresidential development is measured by computing the total square footage of the commercial component of the development, as identified in the final DDA, and multiplied by .25.
 - (v) Any violation of this Section 103(c)(7)(C) is subject to the penalties

described in Government Code section 54230.5. A local agency shall only dispose of land pursuant to this subsection through a disposition and development agreement that includes an indemnification clause that provides that if an action occurs after disposition that violates this subsection, the person or entity that acquired the property shall be liable for the penalties.

- (D) A mixed-use development in rural areas of California, consisting of one or more parcels, that meets all the following conditions:
 - (i) The development restricts at least 25 percent of the residential units to lower-income households as affordable housing pursuant to Section 102(a) of these Guidelines. The requirements of Section 102(a) shall be contained in a covenant or restriction recorded against the surplus land at the time of sale that shall run with the land and be enforceable against any owner who violates the covenant or restriction and each successor in interest who continues the violation.
 - (ii) At least 50 percent of the square footage of the new construction is designated for residential use.
 - (iii) The development is not located in an urbanized area, as defined in Section 21094.5 of the Public Resources Code, which defines "urban" as either an incorporated city or an unincorporated area that is completely surrounded by one or more incorporated cities that meets both of the following criteria:
 - The sum of the population of the unincorporated area and the population of the surrounding incorporated cities is 100,000 or more.
 - II. The population density of the unincorporated area is equal to, or greater than, the population density of the surrounding cities.
- (E) Where the surplus land consists of more than one parcel or is one parcel that will be subdivided into multiple contiguous parcels, and the parcel(s) are eligible for one of the exemptions under Section 103(c)(7)(A)-(D), the land can be treated as one parcel by a master developer. In addition, the affordable residential units must be constructed and completed not later than the unrestricted units and non-residential portion of the development. If the mixed-use development occurs in phases, the affordability requirement must be met in each phase.
- (8) Land Subject to Valid Legal Restrictions. For land to qualify for this exemption, a local agency must establish that the surplus land is subject to a legal restriction pursuant to section (A) below and meets the following criteria: 1) the restriction was not imposed by the local agency, 2) the restriction makes housing a prohibited use, and 3) there is no feasible method to mitigate or avoid the prohibition of housing on the site.

- (A) So long as the land meets all the criteria in this Section 103(c)(8), above, valid legal restrictions include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (i) Existing contracts, including leases, agreed to prior to September 30, 2019.
 - (ii) Easements.
 - (iii) Source of Funding Restrictions. Restrictions imposed by the source of funding that a local agency used to purchase a property, provided that both of the following requirements are met:
 - I. The restrictions require the funds be spent only on non-housing purposes.
 - II. The proposed disposal of the land is consistent with the requirements imposed by the funding constraints.
 - (iv) Other valid legal restrictions may also include federal or state statutes or regulations.
- (B) A valid legal restriction shall be supported by documentary evidence establishing the valid legal restriction. Such evidence includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - (i) Copies of contracts, leases, public or private grant deeds, easements, or federal or state statutes or regulations.
 - (ii) A written explanation describing how the legal restriction meets the criteria in section 103(c)(8).
 - (iii) It is not necessary for a local agency to acquire additional property rights or property interests belonging to third parties in order to attempt to mitigate housing prohibitions.
- (C) Valid Legal Restrictions do not include the following:
 - (i) Existing nonresidential land use designations.
 - (ii) Covenants, restrictions, or other conditions on the property rendered void and unenforceable by any other law, including, but not limited to, Section 714.6 of the Civil Code.
- (9) Surplus Trust Lands. Surplus land that was granted by the state in trust toa local agency or that was acquired by the local agency for trust purposesby purchase or exchange, and for which disposal of the land is authorizedor required subject to conditions established by statute.

- (A) A list of state granted trust lands may be found on the State Lands Commission website: https://www.slc.ca.gov/granted_lands/.
- (B) A declaration of surplus trust land exempted pursuant to this subdivision must be supported by written findings that the land was granted by the state in trust or acquired by the local agency for trust purposes. The written findings must include the governing statute that sets the conditions for disposal of the trust land.
- (10) School District Surplus Land. Land that is subject to Education Code sections 17388, 17515, 17536, 81192, 81397, 81399, 81420, or 81422 of the Education Code and Part 14 of Division 31 of the Health and Safety Code commencing with Health and Safety Code section 53570, unless compliance with the SLA is expressly required.
- (11) Real property that is used by a district for agency's use expresslyauthorized in Government Code section 54221(c).
- (12) Transfers of Surplus Parking Lot Land. Surplus parking lot land that has been transferred before June 30, 2019, by the state to a local agency pursuant to Streets and Highways Code section 32667 and has a minimum planned residential density of at least 100 dwelling units per acre and includes 100 or more residential units that are restricted to persons and families of low or moderate income pursuant to Section 102(a) of these Guidelines.
- (13) Surplus land disposed of by a local educational agency, as defined by and pursuant to Government Code section 65914.7 (effective January 1, 2024).
- (14) Surplus land that is a former military base that was conveyed by the federal government to a local agency and is subject to Article 8 (commencing with section 33492.125) of Chapter 4.5 of Part 1 of Division 24 of the Health and Safety Code, provided that all of the following conditions are met:
 - (A) The former military base has an aggregate area greater than five acres, is expected to include a mix of residential and nonresidential uses and is expected to include no fewer than 1,400 residential units upon completion of development or redevelopment of the former military base.
 - (B) The affordability requirements for residential units shall be governed by a settlement agreement entered into prior to September 1, 2020. Furthermore, at least 25 percent of the initial 1,400 residential units developed shall be restricted to lower-income households, as defined in section 50079.5 of the Health and Safety Code, with an affordable sales price or an affordable rent, as defined in sections 50052.5 and 50053 of the Health and Safety Code. Rental housing must be restricted for a minimum of 55 years; for-sale housing must be restricted for a minimum of 45 years; and rental or ownership housing located on tribal trust lands must be restricted for a minimum of 50 years.

- (C) Prior to the disposition of the surplus land, the recipient has negotiated a project labor agreement consistent with the local agency's project stabilization agreement resolution, as adopted on February 2, 2021, and any succeeding ordinance, resolution, or policy, regardless of the length of the agreement between the local agency and the recipient.
- (D) The agency includes in the annual report required by Government Code section 65400(a)(2) the status of development of residential units on the former military base, including the total number of residential units that have been permitted and what percentage of those residential units are restricted for persons and families of low or moderate income, as defined in section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code, or lower-income households, as defined in section 50079.5 of the Health and Safety Code.
- (15) Sectional Planning Areas. Land subject to Government Code section 54221(f)(1)(P). HCD may request additional information to confirm land is eligible for the exemption.
- (16) Surplus Land at Airport Facilities. Land that is owned by a California public-use airport in which residential housing is prohibited by Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) rules, grant deeds, or grant assurances. It is the responsibility of the local agency to identify the specific FAA rule, grant deed or grant assurance that prohibits housing.
- (17) Land Transferred to a Community Land Trust. Land that is sold, leased, or transferred to a community land trust that meets all the following requirements:
 - (A) The land is, or will be, developed or rehabilitated for the purposes of housing.
 - (B) The housing that will be developed or rehabilitated will be occupied by low or moderate-income households as defined in Section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code for owner-occupied units or occupied by low-income households as defined in Section 50079.5 of the Health and Safety Code for rental units.
 - (C) The affordability requirements identified above shall be contained in a covenant, deed restriction, or equity sharing agreement pursuant to paragraph (11) of subdivision (a) of Section 402.1 of the Revenue and Taxation Code for owner-occupied units or pursuant to paragraph (2)(A) of subdivision (g) of Section 214 of the Revenue and Taxation Code for rental units, and recorded against the surplus land no later than January 1 of the year following the sale, that shall run with the land and be enforceable against any owner who violates the covenant or restriction and each successor in interest who continues the violation. A copy of the covenant or restriction shall be provided to the County Assessor.
- (18) Mixed-use developments by Transportation Districts.
 - (A) Land owned by local agencies whose primary mission or purpose is to supply the public with transportation may be used to develop projects for commercial or industrial uses, including nongovernmental retail, entertainment, or office

development or for the sole purpose of investment or generation of revenue, if the agency meets all the following criteria:

- (i) The agency has an adopted land use plan or policy that designates at least 50 percent of the gross acreage covered by the adopted land use plan or policy for residential purposes and that plan proposes to develop the greater of either at least 300 residential units or at least 10 residential units per gross acre, averaged across all land covered by the land use plan or policy. Land use plans or policies include but are not limited to an adopted land use plan, land use program, joint development policy, transit-oriented development policy, or other similar policy.
- (ii) The agency's adopted land use plan or policy requires that at least 25 percent of all residential units to be developed on the parcels covered by the adopted land use plan or policy are affordable pursuant to Section 102(a) of these Guidelines.
- (iii) While the agency is required to develop all the affordable units in the agency's adopted land use plan or policy, before the agency is permitted to dispose of land for non-housing purposes, the agency must have in place a legally binding agreement(s), entered into since January 1, 2020, to dispose of at least 25 percent of the land pursuant to subparagraph (ii).
- (B) Land disposed of for residential purposes shall:
 - (i) Be put out subject to the local agency's open, competitive solicitation process or put out to open, competitive bid by the local agency, provided that all entities identified in Government Code section 54222, subdivision (a), are invited to participate.
 - (ii) Include the appropriate affordability covenants or restrictions recorded against the surplus land that will be used to meet the plan's affordability requirements. At least 25 percent of the residential units proposed in the entirety of the land use plan or policy, but not necessarily on individual parcels, must be affordable pursuant to Section 102(a) of these Guidelines.
- (19) Land subject to Government Code section 54222.3.1. HCD may request additional information to confirm land is eligible for the exemption.
- (d) If the surplus land is located in one of the four locations below, an NOA for open space purposes must be sent via email or certified mail to the entities identified in Government Code section 54222(b) and HCD before a local agency may dispose of the land pursuant to Section 103(c)(2)-(8) and (10)-(19) of these Guidelines.
 - (1) The land is located within a coastal zone.
 - (2) The land is adjacent to a historical unit of the State Parks System.

- (3) The land is listed on, or determined by the State Office of Historic Preservation to be eligible for listing on, the National Register of Historic Places.
- (4) The land is located within the Lake Tahoe region as defined in Government Code section 66905.5.
- (e) Exemption Determination: Any determination by a local agency that its surplus lands are exempt from the SLA must be supported by written findings and documentation, which shall be provided to HCD pursuant to section 400(e) of these Guidelines.
- (f) Pursuant to section 201 of these Guidelines, prior to disposing of surplus land or participating in negotiations to dispose of surplus land with a prospective transferee, a local agency shall send a written NOA. However, "participating in negotiations" does not include any of the following:
 - (1) Issuing an RFP or RFQ to the entities identified in Government Code section 54222(a) for the purposes of meeting the affordable housing exemptions in Government Code section 54221(f)(1)(A), (F), (G), (H), and (I);
 - (2) Negotiating a lease, ENA, or option agreement for the purposes of meeting the affordable housing exemptions in Government Code section 54221(f)(1)(A), (F), (G), (H), and (I); or
 - (3) Negotiating with a developer to determine if the lease provisions of Government Code section 54221(d)(2) can be met.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c)(2), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54221, section 54222, section 54222.3, section 54223, section 54226, section 54227, section 54230, section 54230.5, section 54233, section 54234, subdivisions (a)(2), (b)(1), (b)(2), section 25539, section 25539.4, section 37364; Education Code section 17388, section 17515, section 17536, section 81192, section 81397, section 81399, section 81420, and section 81422; Health and Safety Code sections 53570 et seq.; Streets and Highways Code section 32667.

Section 104. Agency's Use

- (a) Except as provided below, "agency's use" shall include, but not be limited to, land that is being used for agency work or operations, land that a local agency plans to use for agency work or operations pursuant to a written plan adopted by the local agency's governing board, or land that is disposed of for agency work or operations.
 - (1) "Agency work or operations" includes, but is not limited to, utility sites; watershed property; land being used for conservation purposes; land for demonstration, exhibition, or educational purposes related to greenhouse gas emissions, property owned by a port that is used to support logistics uses, sites for broadband equipment or wireless facilities, buffer sites located near sensitive governmental uses, including, but not limited to, wastewater treatment plants, and waste disposal sites.

- (2) In cases where a local agency will only use a portion of land for agency's use, the local agency must comply with the SLA when disposing of the portion of land not being used for agency's use, even if revenue generated on that portion of the land is used to support the development on the portion of land that qualifies as agency's use. A local agency may issue an NOA that includes reasonable conditions or restrictions, as provided in section 202(a)(2)(D)(iv), noting that a portion of the land will be used for agency's use.
- (3) Agency's use shall not include commercial or industrial uses or activities, including nongovernmental retail, entertainment, or office development. Property disposed of for the purpose of investment or generation of revenue shall not be considered necessary for agency's use.
- (4) In the case of a local agency that is a district, excepting those whose primary mission or purpose is to supply the public with a transportation system, agency's use may include commercial or industrial uses or activities, including nongovernmental retail, entertainment, or office development, or may be used for the sole purpose of investment or generation of revenue if either (a) such use directly furthers the express purpose of the district's work or operations, or (b) such use is expressly authorized by a statute governing the district, provided the district complies with Government Code section 54233.5 where applicable. Also, the district's governing body must take action in a public meeting declaring that the use of the site meets one of these two requirements.
- (b) Land that a local agency disposes of pursuant to the Eminent Domain Law, Code of Civil Procedure section 1240.010 et seq., shall also constitute agency's use, as defined in section 104 of these Guidelines, under either of the following conditions:
 - (1) The land is transferred to another property owner for the purpose of mitigating impacts to the transferee property owner resulting from the local agency's project.
 - (2) The local agency acquired the land for the express purpose of transferring the land to another entity.
- (c) Notice of Disposition for Agency's Use: A local agency that plans to dispose of land for agency's use shall provide documentation that the land meets the definition of agency's use in Section 104(a) to HCD at least 30 days prior to disposition. A local agency that is using or plans to use the land for agency's use but is not disposing of the land, as defined in Section 102(i) of these Guidelines, is not required to send documentation to HCD.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54221, subdivisions (b)(1), (c)(1), (c)(2)(A), (c)(2)(B).

ARTICLE II. SURPLUS LAND

Section 200. Surplus Land Determination Process

- (a) Land must be declared either "surplus land" or "exempt surplus land," as supported by written findings, before a local agency may take any action to dispose of it consistent with an agency's policies or procedures. Prior to taking any action to dispose of surplus land or participating in negotiations to dispose of surplus land with a prospective transferee, a local agency shall send a written Notice of Availability (NOA). A local agency may not solicit or accept offers to purchase or develop surplus land until the agency has first sent an NOA and, if the agency receives any responses to the NOA, completed negotiations with those parties. However, "participating in negotiations" does not include any of the following:
 - (1) Issuing an RFP or RFQ to the entities identified in section 54222(a) for the purposes of complying with Government Code sections 54221(f)(1)(A), (F), (G), (H), and (I);
 - (2) Negotiating a lease, ENA, or option agreement for the purposes of meeting the affordable housing exemptions in Government Code section 54221(f)(1)(A), (F), (G), (H), and (I); or
 - (3) Negotiating with a developer to determine if the lease provisions of Government Code section 54221(d)(2) can be met.
- (b) Surplus land shall have the definition set forth in section 102(dd) of these Guidelines and exempt surplus land shall have the definition and meet therequirements set forth in section 103(c) of these Guidelines.
- (c) Beginning April 1, 2021, "a central inventory of all surplus land" shall be reported to HCD no later than April 1 of each year on Table H of the city's or county's APR submitted pursuant to Government Code section 65400(a)(2).

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c)(2), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54230, section 65400.

Section 201. Notice of Availability

Any local agency disposing of surplus land, prior to disposing of that property or participating in negotiations to dispose of that property with a prospective transferee, shall send a written NOA to all parties designated in Section 201(a)-(d) below. The notice shall be in a form prescribed by HCD in Appendix A of these Guidelines and shall comply with the following.

- (a) Low- and Moderate-Income Housing Notice of Availability.
 - (1) A written NOA of surplus land provided on the form containedin Appendix A of these Guidelines for the purpose of developing low- and moderate-income housing shall be sent to the following:
 - (A) HCD and any local public entity as defined in Health and Safety Code section 50079 and Section 102(t) of these Guidelines, within whose jurisdiction the surplus land is located. HCD will maintain on its website an up-to-date listing

- of all NOAs throughout the state. NOAs shall be delivered to HCD via the SLA Portal or Certified Mail.
- (B) Housing sponsors that have notified HCD of their interest in surplus land that is in the county in which the surplus land is located or in all California counties. Housing sponsors must notify HCD of their interest in surplus land by completing a survey provided by HCD. Those interested in receiving notices from local agencies based on HCD's expressions-of-interest list are responsible for keeping their addresses and contacts current.
- (2) An entity not on HCD's list may also respond to an NOA.
- (3) All responses shall be date and time stamped by the local agency as they are received.
- (4) All NOAs shall be sent by certified mail or email and shall include the location and a description of the surplus land.
- (b) Park, Recreation and Open Space availability notices shall comply with the conditions and follow the requirements as described in Government Code sections 54221, subdivision (f)(2), 54222, and 54227, subdivision (b).
- (c) School facilities surplus land availability notices shall comply with the conditions and follow the requirements as described in Government Code section 54222(c).
- (d) Infill Opportunity Zone or Transit Village Plan surplus land availability notices shall comply with the conditions and follow the requirements as described in GovernmentCode section 54222(d).

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c)(2), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54221, subdivision (f)(2), section 54222, and section 54227, subdivision (b); Health and Safety Code section 50079.

Section 202. Disposal of Surplus Land for Affordable Housing

Prior to taking any action to dispose of surplus land, the governing board of a local agency must hold the required public meeting to declare property as surplus land, as described in Section 102(dd) of these Guidelines, and an NOA described in Section 201(a) must be sent to interested housing sponsors identified by the expressions-of-interest list maintained by HCD and local public entities within whose jurisdiction the surplus land is located and must invite thoseinterested to respond to the local agency with a notice of interest.

- (a) Negotiating Disposition of Surplus Land for Affordable Housing
 - (1) Response to an NOA of surplus land for the development of affordable housing
 - (A) 60 Days to Respond. An entity or association interested in developing surplus land for affordable housing must notify in writing the disposing agency of its interest in purchasing or leasing the land within 60 days after the agency's NOA is sent via certified mail or provided via electronic mail.

- (i) A local agency may not issue an RFP on surplus land less than 60 days from the date that the local agency issues the NOA.
- (ii) If a notice of interest is received in response to an NOA, an RFP may not be issued until after the conclusion of the 90-day negotiation period.
- (B) Upon Receipt of Notice of Interest. If a local agency disposing of surplus land receives a timely notice of interest from a proper entity, then a good faith negotiation period of at least 90 days begins on the first day after the end of the 60-day period in Government Code section 54222(e). If the price or terms cannot be agreed upon after the full 90-day good faith negotiation period, then the local agency may dispose of the surplus land without further regard to the SLA but must stillcomply with Government Code section 54233 or 54233.5, as applicable.
- (C) 90-Day Good Faith Negotiation Period.
 - (i) For purposes of the 90-day good faith negotiation period, residential use of the surplus land by the prospective transferee shall be deemed an acceptable use. Nothing in this subdivision shall restrict a local jurisdiction's authority or discretion to approve land use, zoning, or entitlement decisions in connection with the surplus land, except that terms agreed to as part of the 90-day good faith negotiation period must comply with the following:
 - I. A local agency cannot prohibit residential use of the surplus land as a condition of a sale or lease.
 - II. A local agency cannot reduce the authorized number of residential units or the maximum lot coverage of the surplus land below what is allowed by zoning or general plan requirements.
 - III. A local agency may not require, as a condition of sale or lease, any design standards or architectural requirements that would have a substantial negative effect on the viability or affordability of a housing development for very low-, low- or moderate-income households, other than the minimum standards required by general plan, zoning, and subdivision standards and criteria.
 - (ii) For the purpose of disposition of surplus land in Section 400(b)(1) of these Guidelines, the local agency must establish and document that good faith negotiations have taken place with each respondent.
 - (iii) HCD may request from local agencies a purchase and sale or lease agreement disposing of surplus land when good faith negotiations do not result in a disposition to an affordable housing entity.
 - (iv) Activities that demonstrate good faith negotiations include, but are not limited to:

- I. Make a serious effort to meet at reasonable times and attempt to reach agreement;
- II. Respond to letters of interest;
- III. Respond to and consider reasonable offers to purchase or lease;
- IV. Not require that development proposals significantly deviate from the NOA; and
- V. Not arbitrarily end active negotiations after 90 days.
- (D) For the purposes of complying with the SLA's requirements regarding NOAs, "participating in negotiations" does not include the commissioning of appraisals, due diligence prior to the sale or lease of the surplus land, discussions with brokers or real estate agents not representing a potential buyer, or other studies to determine value or best use of the surplus land, issuance of a request for qualifications, development of marketing materials, or discussions conducted exclusively among local agency employees and elected officials.
- (E) If an entity believes a local agency has not negotiated with it in good faith pursuant to this section, the entity may notify HCD via the <u>Surplus Lands</u> Portal.
- (F) Sample negotiation process timeline. The following represents a sample timeline for a good faith negotiation per the definition in Section 102(m) of these Guidelines. Minor departures from this sample do not constitute perse bad faith, and differences in the timeline may be justified with prior notice to HCD.
 - March 1, 2024 disposing agency sends an NOA of surplus land as described in Section 201;
 - March 12, 2024 disposing agency receives notice of interest from first entity desiring to purchase or lease the surplus land;
 - March 22, 2024 disposing agency receives notice of interest from second entity desiring to purchase or lease the surplus land;
 - April 30, 2024 last day for an entity desiring to purchase or leasethe surplus land to respond to the NOA;
 - May 1, 2024 90-day, good faith negotiation period commences, as described in section 202(a)(1)(C);
 - July 30, 2024 last day of 90-day, good faith negotiation period;
 - July 31, 2024 first day that disposing agency may dispose of the surplus land without regard to the amendments to the SLA, exceptthat the disposing agency must still follow Government Code sections 54233 or 54233.5.

(2) Terms

(A) As part of the 90-day good faith negotiation period, a local agency and a

prospective transferee may agree to limitations on residential use or density if, without such limitations, the residential use or density would have a specific, adverse impact, supported by written findings, upon the public health or safety or upon the local agency's operation or facilities, andthere is no feasible method to satisfactorily mitigate the impact.

- (B) For low- and moderate-income housing purposes, a local agency may agree to a payment period of up to 20 years for a sale of surplus land in any contract of sale or sale by trust deed for the land. Such payment periodmay exceed 20 years but shall not exceed the term that the surplus land is required to be used for low- or moderate-income housing.
- (C) A local agency may sell or lease surplus land at fair market value or fair market rent or less than fair market value or fair market rent.
- (D) Agreement between the local agency and buyer.
 - (i) Failure to agree on sale/purchase price of land: If "fair market value" was determined by a single appraisal, a second appraisal value commissioned from a mutually acceptable firm may be averaged with the initial value to determine a sales price.
 - (ii) Partial lease/acquisition: A local agency may agree to a lease or sale of part of the surplus land provided that the remaining parcel or parcels are disposed of as surplus land or exempt surplus land. A written justification for accepting a lease or sale of part of surplusland must accompany the Appendix B report to HCD.
 - (iii) Agency change of mind: A local agency may withdraw its NOA provided that no notices of interest have been received and a written "notice of withdrawal" is sent to all housing sponsors, local public entities, HCD, and any other developers to which the NOA was sent.
 - (iv) Conditions and restrictions required by the local agency as seller: A local agency may provide entities with reasonable conditions or restrictions for the surplus land in question, which must be included in the NOA, and should be reviewed by HCD pursuant to Section 400. The parties are required by the SLA to then negotiate in good faith. If the parties cannot resolve issues that would preclude a disposition within the 90-day negotiation period, the parties may discuss the issue(s) with HCD.

(3) Multiple Notices of Interest

- (A) A local agency may negotiate concurrently with all entities that providenotice of interest for the purpose of developing affordable housing that meets the requirements of Government Code section 54222.5.
- (B) In the event that any local agency disposing of surplus land receives a notice of interest to purchase or lease that land from more than one of the entities to which an NOA was given, the local agency shall give first priority to the entity

or entities that agree to use the site for affordable housing that meets the requirements of Government Code section 54222.5, described as follows:

- (i) Not less than 25 percent of the total number of units developed (which number includes density bonus units) shall be affordablehousing as defined by Section 102(a) of these Guidelines.
- (ii) If the local agency receives notices of interest from more than one entity that agrees to meet the requirements of Government Code section 54222.5, then the local agency shall give priority to the entity that proposes to provide the greatest number of units that meet the requirements of Government Code section 54222.5.
- (iii) If more than one entity proposes the same number of units that meetthe requirements of Government Code section 54222.5, priority shall be given to the entity that proposes the deepest average level of affordability for the affordable units.
- (4) Following good faith negotiations, grounds for a local agency to reject an offer include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (A) The local agency and buyer/lessee cannot agree on the sales price and terms or lease terms.
 - (B) Priority is given to a competing offer that includes a greater number of affordable units or, in case of a tie in the number of units, the lowest average level of affordability consistent with Government Code section 54222.5.
 - (C) The interested entity is not responsive to a local agency's reasonable conditions or restrictions as described in the NOA, where consistent with these Guidelines and the SLA.
- (b) Requirements If Negotiations End with No Sale or Lease of Surplus Land
 - (1) Local Agencies That Are Not Districts.
 - (A) If the local agency does not agree to price and terms with any entity to which an NOA was given pursuant to these Guidelines, or if no entity to which a NOA was given pursuant to these Guidelines responds to that notice, then the land in question may be disposed of outside of the SLA, except that this section shall apply.

In all dispositions of surplus land in which the local agency does not agree to price and terms or in which no entity responds, an affordability covenant must still be recorded against the property. The covenant must state that if 10 or more residential units are developed on the property, not less than 15 percent of the total number of residential units developed on the property shall be sold or rented as affordable housing asdefined by Section 102(a) of these Guidelines.

- (i) Rental units shall remain at an affordable housing cost to, and occupied by, lower-income households for a period of at least 55 years. Ownership units shall remain at an affordable housing cost to, and occupied by, lower-income households for a period of at least 45 years. Rental or ownership housing located on tribal trust lands shall remain at an affordable housing cost to, and occupied by, lower-income households for a period of at least 50 years. The initial occupants of all ownership units on the surplus land shall be lower-income households and the unit shall be subject to an equity sharing agreement consistent with Health and Safety Code section 65915(c)(2). Any subsequent occupants shall also be lower-income households, if necessary, for the unit to remain occupied by lower-income households, for at least 55 years, 45 years, or 50 years, respectively.
- (ii) The requirements set out in this subdivision above shall be contained in a covenant or restriction to be recorded against the surplus land prior to land use entitlement, and the covenant or restriction shall run with the land and shall be enforceable by any of the following parties against any owner who violates the covenant or restriction and each successor in interest who continues the violation:
 - I. The local agency that disposed of the property.
 - II. Any resident of an affordable ownership or rental unitdescribed in this subdivision.
 - III. A resident's association with members who reside in unitsdescribed in this subdivision.
 - IV. A former resident of a unit described in this subdivision who last resided in that unit.
 - V. An applicant seeking to enforce the covenants or restrictions for a particular unit, ownership or rental, as described in this subdivision, if the applicant conforms to all of the following:
 - a. Is of low or moderate income, as defined in section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code;
 - b. Is able and willing to occupy that particular unit; and
 - c. Was denied occupancy of that particular unit due to an alleged breach of a covenant or restriction implementing Government Code section 54222.5.
 - VI. A person on an affordable housing waiting list who is of low or moderate income, as defined in section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code, and who is able and willing to occupy a unitsubject to this provision of the Guidelines.

(B) A local agency shall provide a draft copy of any restrictions to be recorded against the surplus land to HCD as an attachment to the form prescribed by HCD in Appendix B.

(2) Districts.

- (A) If a local agency that is a district, excepting those whose primary mission or purpose is to supply the public with a transportation system, disposes of surplus land where local zoning permits development of 10 or more residential units or is rezoned within five years of the disposal to permit the development of 10 or more residential units, and 10 or more residential units are developed on the property, not less than 15 percent of the total number of residential units developed on the parcel shall be sold or rentedas affordable housing as defined by Section 102(a) of these Guidelines, and the additional requirements contained in Section 202(c)(1)(A)(i)-(ii) of these Guidelines shall apply.
- (B) A local agency that is a district shall provide a draft copy of any restrictions to be recorded against the surplus land to HCD on the form prescribed by HCD in Appendix B of these Guidelines.
- (C) This subsection shall not apply to projects as defined in Health and Safety Code section 32121(j).
- (c) Disposition of contiguous land.
 - (1) If a local agency seeks to simultaneously dispose of multiple contiguous parcels of surplus land to the same receiving entity, or any entity working in concert with another receiving entity, such that it would reduce the capacity of individual parcels to support at least ten housing units, the applicable affordability covenant must be applied such that the amount of affordable housing required is based on the aggregate capacity of the contiguous parcels.
 - (2) If the surplus land consists of multiple contiguous parcels or is one parcel that will be subdivided into multiple contiguous parcels, the land can be treated as one parcel by a master developer for the purpose of applying the applicable affordability covenant.
- (d) Payment Period for Surplus Land Disposed of in Contract of Sale or Sale by Trust Deed.
 - (1) If surplus land is disposed of for housing for persons and families of low and moderate income, the payment period shall not exceed the term that the land is required to be used for low- or moderate-income housing.
 - (2) If surplus land is disposed of for park or recreation purposes, for open-space purposes, or for school purposes, the local agency may provide for a payment period of up to 20 years.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c)(2), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54221, section 54222, section 54222, subdivision (f), section 54222.5, section 54223, section 54225, section 54226, section 54227, section 54233; Health and Safety Code section 32121.

ARTICLE III. REQUIREMENTS TO BE PLACED ON SURPLUS LAND FOR AFFORDABLE HOUSING

Section 300. Requirements When an Entity Proposes to Use the Surplus Land for Developing Affordable Housing

- (a) An entity proposing to use the surplus land for affordable housing shall agree to make no less than 25 percent of the total number of units developed on the parcels as affordable housing pursuant to Section 102(a) of these Guidelines. The entity shall comply with the following additional requirements:
 - (1) Rental units shall remain at an affordable housing cost to, and occupied by, lower-income households for a period of at least 55 years and 50 years for housing located on tribal trust lands.
 - (2) Ownership units shall remain at an affordable housing cost to, and occupied by, lower-income households for a period of at least 45 years and 50 years for housing located on tribal trust lands. The initial occupants of all affordable ownership units on the property shall be lower-income households and the units shall be subject to an equity sharing agreement consistent with Health and SafetyCode section 65915(c)(2). Any subsequent occupants shall also be lower-income households, if necessary for the unit to remain occupied by lower-income households for at least 45 years and at least 50 years for housing located on tribal trust lands.
 - (3) The affordable residential units required under the covenant described in subdivision (b) below must be developed prior to or at substantially the same time as the unrestricted units and non-residential portion of the development. If the development occurs in phases, the affordability requirement should be met in each phase.
- (b) The requirements set out in subdivision (a) above shall be contained in a covenant or restriction recorded against the surplus land at the time of sale, which by its express terms shall run with the land and shall be enforceable by any of the following parties, against any owner who violates the covenant or restriction and each successor in interest who continues the violation:
 - (1) The local agency that disposed of the property.
 - (2) Any resident of an affordable ownership or rental unit described in subdivision (a).
 - (3) A resident's association with members who reside in units described in subdivision (a).
 - (4) A former resident of a unit described in subdivision (a) who last resided in thatunit.
 - (5) An applicant seeking to enforce the covenants or restrictions for a particular unit, ownership or rental as described in subdivision (a), if the applicant conforms to all of the following:
 - (A) Is of low or moderate income, as defined in section 50093 of the Health and

Safety Code;

- (B) Is able and willing to occupy that particular unit; and
- (C) Was denied occupancy of that particular unit due to an alleged breach of a covenant or restriction implementing Government Code section 54222.5.
- (6) A person on an affordable housing waiting list who is of low or moderate income, as defined in section 50093 of the Health and Safety Code, and who is able andwilling to occupy a unit subject to this provision of the Guidelines.
- (c) A local agency shall provide a draft copy of any restrictions to be recorded against the surplus land to HCD as an attachment to the form prescribed by HCD in Appendix B.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54222.5, section 54233; Health and Safety Code section 50093, section 65915.

ARTICLE IV. REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

Section 400. Local Agency Reporting Requirements

- (a) Pre-Negotiation and Disposal Notice. A local agency must submit an NOA to HCD, all local public entities as defined in Health and Safety Code section 50079 within whose jurisdiction surplus land is located, and all interested housing sponsors that have provided notice to HCD.
 - (1) Prior to disposing of surplus land or participating in negotiations to dispose of surplus land with a prospective transferee, a written NOA shall be sent to HCD on the form in Appendix A pursuant to Section 201 of these Guidelines. If the NOA includes any local agency conditions or restrictions regarding development, local agencies are advised to send such conditions or restrictions to HCD for review before sending the NOA to the required entities.
- (b) Post-Negotiation Notice and Proposed Disposition Summary: A proposed disposition summary must be sent to HCD on Appendix B at the conclusion of negotiations at least 30 days before the disposition of surplus land. Local agencies are only required to fill out the sections of Appendix B that apply to the disposition. Not all sections will apply to every disposition.
 - (1) Prior to finalizing any agreements or disposing of any surplus land, the local agency shall provide to HCD a copy of the resolution (or other document recording formal action) declaring the property surplus, a description of the NOAs sent, a description of negotiations conducted with any responding entities, including any non-solicited expressions of interest in regard to the disposal of the surplus land, proof of delivery of the NOA to all CalHFA-certified housing sponsors and local public entities, and a draft copy of any restrictions to be recorded against the property pursuant to Government Code sections 54233 or 54233.5, whichever is applicable, on the form prescribed by HCD in Appendix B. A sample covenant/restriction is provided in Appendix C. A local agency shall also provide HCD a copy of any recorded restrictions upon final disposition.
 - (A) Local agencies are not responsible for contacting housing entities that provided inaccurate or inactive emails or contact information within the CalHFA certified housing sponsors list. Affordable housing entities are responsible for maintaining current contact information.
 - (2) A local agency may submit this information to HCD after it has sent NOAs required by Government Code section 54222 and concluded negotiations with any responding entities. Article V of these Guidelines provides details on HCD's required review of this information.
 - (3) If a local agency proposes to dispose of surplus land to an entity that does not have first priority and/or priority pursuant to Government Code section 54227, the local agency is required to provide HCD an adequate written explanation.
- (c) A local agency may submit disposition documents identified in Section 400(b)(1) of these Guidelines to HCD any time after the 60-day NOA period or, if applicable, the 90-day good

faith negotiation period. In cases where a local agency is seeking to dispose of surplus land, the local agency is required to submit complete disposition documentation to HCD and receive a Findings Letter from HCD only once, regardless of when a final disposition occurs.

- (d) A local agency that is a city, county, or city and county shall submit an APR pursuant to Government Code section 65400 including the following information:
 - (1) A central inventory of all surplus land and all lands as of December 31 in excess of the local agency's foreseeable needs, if any, identified pursuant to GovernmentCode section 50569. Beginning in 2021, this inventory is to be submitted to HCD by April 1 of each year. This inventory will become part of the APR as Table H. Please reference section 601 for web links which detail APR and housing element requirements.
 - (2) Jurisdiction-owned sites identified in the housing element sites inventory subsequently disposed of by the jurisdiction in Table G of the housing element APR.
- (e) Notice of Exemption Determination: A local agency that determines that property is exempt from the SLA shall support such a determination with written findings and shall provide a copy of the written determination to HCD at least 30 days prior to disposition.
 - (1) A local agency must provide HCD with a copy of the resolution (or other document recording formal action) declaring the property exempt surplus land and written findings supporting such a declaration.
 - (2) A local agency must provide written findings that describe which exemption applies to the surplus land and how the surplus land meets the requirements of that exemption. Additional documentation may be necessary to support those written findings.
 - (3) Local agencies declaring land identified in Government Code section 54221(f)(1)(A), (B), (E), (K), (L), or (Q) as exempt surplus land pursuant to Government Code 54221(b)(4) must do the following: The notice must include a citation to the exemption (e.g., Government Code section 54221(f)(1)(A) for an affordable housing project), a contact name and email for public comments, and findings/reasons the land meets the exemption. HCD will accept online or newspaper publishing of the notice with evidence it was published and made available for 30 days (daily publication is not necessary). For newspaper publication, HCD will accept a notice published in a newspaper of general circulation in the local agency's area. For online publication, the notice must be available for the full 30 days, at minimum.
 - (4) Local agencies are encouraged to notify HCD via the <u>Surplus Lands Portal</u> prior to having the resolution approved in order to clarify whether land should be declared "surplus land" or "exempt surplus land." HCD requires at least 30 days to complete the review.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 50569, section 54221, section 54222, section 54230.5, section 54233, section 54233.5, section 65400.

ARTICLE V. PERFORMANCE MONITORING AND PENALTIES

Section 500. HCD Monitoring, Recording, and Reporting

- (a) Initiation of Monitoring. Beginning on January 1, 2021, HCD shall initiate monitoring of local agency compliance with certain requirements imposed by the SLA.
- (b) Educational Materials and Technical Assistance. To assist agencies with SLA compliance, HCD will from time to time make available educational resources and materials regarding the SLA and these Guidelines to local agencies and the public. Local agencies may request technical assistance via the Surplus Lands Portal.
- (c) HCD's Findings. HCD shall review the information and documents submitted by a local agency pursuant to Section 400 of these Guidelines. HCD shall consider and make findings as to whether the local agency's proposed sale or lease of the land will violate the SLA, including these Guidelines.
 - (1) If HCD determines that the proposed sale or lease will violate the SLA, HCD shall issue a Findings Letter that contains written findings supporting HCD's determination. HCD shall send the Findings Letter to the local agency within 30 days of receipt of the local agency's submittal.
 - (A) HCD's 30-day response period will begin to run when HCD receives all the required documents and information listed in Section 400 of these Guidelines. HCD will immediately, and not more than 30 days after receipt of the required documents and information, notify the local agency in writing if HCD determines any required documents or information necessary for HCD's findings are missing.
- (d) Response to HCD's Findings. The local agency shall consider HCD's written findings made in the Findings Letter pursuant to subdivision (c) and, within 60 days of receiving the Findings Letter, do one of the following:
 - (1) Correct any issues identified by HCD or explain how the local agency will correct issues identified by HCD.
 - (2) Provide written findings explaining the reason(s) the local agency's process for disposing of surplus land complies with the SLA.
- (e) HCD's Final Determination. HCD shall evaluate any written findings, corrections, or proposals to correct provided by the local agency pursuant to subdivision (d) and provide the local agency with a Determination Letter or a Notice of Violation.
 - (1) Determination Letter. If HCD finds that the local agency has corrected all issues, or if HCD concurs that the local agency's process for disposing of surplus land complied with the SLA, HCD shall notify the local agency of its determination in a Determination Letter.
 - (2) Notice of Violation. If HCD finds that the local agency has not corrected all issues, or if HCD finds that the local agency's process for disposing of surplus land did not

comply with the SLA, HCD shall notify the local agency in a Notice of Violation, and may notify the Attorney General, that the local agency is in violation of the SLA.

- (A) If a local agency receives a Notice of Violation, the local agency must hold an open public meeting to review the Notice of Violation. In addition to all legally required public meeting noticing requirements, the local agency must also post the public notice to the agency's website (if applicable), post the notice in a conspicuous public place in the local agency's office, and send the public notice to HCD via the Surplus Land Act Portal no later than the time of posting required by the Brown Act (commencing with Government Code section 54950). A local agency is not required to disclose information conducted during closed sessions at this meeting.
- (B) A local agency is prohibited from finalizing the disposition of surplus land subject to a Notice of Violation until an open, public meeting is held pursuant to this Section.
- (C) A local agency is exempt from subdivision (e)(2)(A) and (B) of this Section if the agency ceases the disposal of surplus land and informs HCD they have done so. If a local agency resumes the existing disposition of land at a later date, all the provisions of subdivision (e)(2)(A) and (B) of this Section apply.
- (3) County of Orange and the Cities within the County of Orange—Additional Requirements. For the County of Orange or any city within the County of Orange, the following requirements apply in addition to the requirements described in subdivisions (c)-(e)(2):
 - (A) HCD shall make its Final Determination within 30 days of receiving the local agency's response to HCD's Findings Letter described in subdivision (d).
 - (B) If, pursuant to subdivisions (c) or (e), HCD issues a Findings Letter or Notice of Violation determining that the proposed disposition of surplus land will violate the SLA, the local agency shall not dispose of the surplus land until it has received a Determination Letter pursuant to subdivision (e)(1).

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54230.5.

Section 501. Penalties

- (a) HCD may seek to enforce the SLA and pursue all applicable legal and equitable remedies consistent with Government Code section 54230.6, including, but not limited to, injunctive or declaratory relief, if a local agency disposes of land, or attempts to dispose of land, in violation of the SLA.
- (b) Local agency's violation of surplus land disposition requirements; penalties.
 - (1) If, after receiving a Findings Letter or a Notice of Violation, as described in Section 500 of these Guidelines, a local agency disposes of surplus land without correcting all violations identified in the Findings Letter or Notice of Violation, the local agency

is liable for a penalty of 30 percent of the applicable disposition value of the land disposed of in violation of the SLA, and 50 percent of the applicable disposition value for each subsequent violation.

- (A) These penalties shall not apply to clerical errors or violations of the SLA that do not impact the availability, priority, or construction of affordable housing (e.g., the amount of affordable housing provided) or the ultimate disposition of the land in compliance with the SLA. However, failure to issue an NOA, to notice the required entities, to provide at least 90 days of good faith negotiations, or to provide a recorded covenant to HCD may impact the availability, priority, or construction of affordable housing or the ultimate disposition of the land in compliance with the SLA. Any violations of the SLA that limit the opportunity of affordable housing entities to purchase non-exempt surplus land are not exempt from the penalties established in Government Code section 54230.5.
- (B) For the purposes of this section, "applicable disposition value" means:
 - (i) In the case of a sale, the greater of the final sale price of the land or the fair market value of the surplus land at the time of sale, as determined by an independent appraisal of the surplus land sold in violation of the SLA. Appraised value should be determined by an independent, third-party appraisal prepared by a Member Appraisal Institute qualified appraiser and charged to the local agency no less than 60 days after receipt of a Notice of Violation.
 - (ii) In the case of a lease, the discounted net present value of the fair market value of the lease as of the date the lease was entered into, as determined by an independent appraisal of the lease of surplus land in violation of the SLA. The discounted net present value should be determined by an independent, third-party appraisal prepared by a Member Appraisal Institute qualified appraiser and charged to the local agency no less than 60 days after receipt of a Notice of Violation.
- (2) The penalty shall be deposited into a local housing trust fund, except that the local agency may elect to instead deposit the penalty funds into the Building Homes and Jobs Trust Fund or the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund.
 - (A) The penalty shall not be paid out of funds already dedicated to affordable housing, including, but not limited to, Low and Moderate Income Asset Funds, funds dedicated to housing for very low-, low-, and moderate-income households, and federal HOME Investment Partnerships Program and Community Development Block Grant Program funds.
 - (B) The local agency shall commit and expend the penalty funds within five years of deposit into the local housing trust fund for the sole purpose of financing newly constructed housing units that are affordable to extremely low-, very low-, or low-income households.
 - (i) If the penalty funds deposited into the local housing trust fund have not

been expended within five years after deposit, the funds shall revert to the state and be deposited into the Building Homes and Jobs Trust Fund or the Housing Rehabilitation Low Fund for the sole purpose of financing newly constructed housing units located in the same jurisdiction as the surplus land and that are affordable to extremely low-, very low-, or low-income households.

- (C) Expenditure of any penalty funds deposited into the Building Homes and Jobs Trust Fund or the Housing Rehabilitation Loan Fund pursuant to this section shall be subject to appropriation by the Legislature.
- (3) The local agency may appeal the penalty assessment to HCD's Director by submitting a written appeal to the Director. The written appeal shall be limited to a statement of relevant facts, arguments, and evidence demonstrating the alleged error of law, procedure, or fact upon which the appealis based. Penalties are mandatory in the absence of such error and cannot be waived or modified for grounds not stated in the SLA.
- (4) Once the written appeal is submitted to the Director, HCD may request additional information or materials from the local agency for consideration. Appeals are to be submitted to the Director at the following address:

California Department of Housing and Community Development Division of Housing Policy Development 651 Bannon Street, Suite 400 Sacramento, CA 95811

- (5) The Director will accept appeals delivered through a carrier service such as the U.S. Postal Service, UPS, FedEx, or other carrier services that provide date stamp verification of delivery. Deliveries must be received during HCD's weekday(non-state holiday) business hours of 9:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Pacific Standard Time.
- (6) Appeals must be received by the Director no later than thirty (30) business days from the date of HCD's assessment of the penalty.
- (7) The Director shall render a written decision on the appeal within forty-five (45) business days after notice and hearing.
- (8) The Director's decision shall be HCD's final decision.
- (c) A local agency that sells or leases surplus land without complying with Sections 200(a), 201, 202, 300, 400(a), and 400(b) of these Guidelines violates the SLA.
- (d) HCD may take action pursuant to Government Code section 65585.1 if a city, county, or city and county violates the SLA.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 6250 et seq., section 54222, section 54230.5, section 65589.5.

Section 502. Private Enforcement

- (a) A public or private entity identified in Government Code section 54222, or a person who would have been eligible to apply for residency in any affordable housing developed, or a housing organization as defined in Government Code section 65589.5, or any beneficially interested person or entity, may bring an action toenforce Government Code section 54230.5.
- (b) A public or private entity seeking to enforce Government Code section 54230.5 shall send a Notice of Alleged Violation to the local agency and provide a copy to HCD. The local agency has 60 days from the date of the Notice of Alleged Violation to cure or correct before the public or private entity may take further action, unless the local agency disposes of the land before curing or correcting the alleged violation, or HCD notifies the local agency in a Determination Letter that it is not in violation of the SLA in less than 60 days of receipt of the Notice of Alleged Violation.
- (c) If HCD has not issued a Findings Letter to the local agency, HCD shall review the Notice of Alleged Violation submitted by the public or private entity and take action as appropriate. HCD may send the local agency a Notice of Violation, send a Determination Letter notifying the local agency it is not in violation of the SLA, or decline to take any action on the Notice of Alleged Violation.
 - (1) If HCD sends the local agency a Notice of Violation, HCD shall also provide a copy of the Notice of Violation to the public or private entity that submitted the Notice of Alleged Violation. The local agency shall have 60 days from receipt of HCD's Notice of Violation to cure or correct pursuant to Section 500 of these Guidelines before HCD or an entity identified in Section 502(a) of these Guidelines may take further action to enforce Government Code section 54230.5. Local agencies receiving a Notice of Violation from HCD must also hold an open, public meeting pursuant to Section 500(e)(2)(A) of these Guidelines.
 - (2) If HCD sends a Determination Letter notifying the local agency that it is not in violation of the SLA, HCD shall also send a copy of the Determination Letter to the public or private entity.

Note: Authority cited: Government Code section 54230, subdivision (c), section 54230.5, subdivision (b)(2)(D). Reference cited: Government Code section 54222, section 54230.5, section 65589.5.

Appendix A - Notice of Availability Forms

Notice of Availability Cover Letter:

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/community-development/disaster-recovery-programs/docs/1.20.21.LS.SLA TA NoticeAvailability CoverLetter.docx

Notice of Availability Property Description:

https://view.officeapps.live.com/op/view.aspx?src=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.hcd.ca.gov%2Fsites%2Fdefault%2Ffiles%2Fdocs%2Fplanning-and-community%2Fsla-ta-notice-availability-property-description.xlsx&wdOrigin=BROWSELINK

Appendix B – Description of Disposition Form

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/sites/default/files/docs/planning-and-community/disposition-description-template.xlsx

Appendix C – Sample Covenant/Restriction

https://www.hcd.ca.gov/community-development/docs/1.20.LS.SLA_TA_SampleCovenantRestriction.docx

Appendix D – HCD Survey to Indicate Interest in Surplus Land

Housing sponsors, as defined by section 50074 of the Health and Safety Code, may notify HCD of their interest in surplus land pursuant to section Government Code section 54222(a)(1) using the survey at the link below:

https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/ZRCC3FL

August 6, 2024

STAFF REPORT:

Submitted by Karen Macedonio, Board President

AGENDA ITEM:

Approval of Contract with HPSA Acumen Inc. for Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) within the Sphere of Influence (SOI) of East Kern Health Care District (EKHCD)

BACKGROUND:

Non-profit hospitals are required by federal law to conduct a CHNA every three years. Ridgecrest Regional Hospital will conduct their next CHNA in 2025. In 2016, California City and our needs were clearly identified in the CNHA conducted by both Adventist Health and by Kaiser Permanente. In 2019 and 2022 California City was no longer specifically named by region.

The Cortese/Knox/Hertzberg Local Government Reorganization Act of 2000 (CKH Act or Act) requires a Local Agency Formations Commission (LAFCo) to conduct a Municipal Services Review (MSR) in conjunction with the update of a SOI. LAFCo must compile and evaluate service-related information and make written determinations for nine factors:

- 1. Infrastructure Needs and Deficiencies
- 2. Growth and Population
- 3. Financing Constraints and Opportunities
- 4. Cost-Avoidance Opportunities
- Opportunities for Rate Restructuring
- 6. Opportunities for Shared Facilities
- 7. Government Structure Options
- 8. Evaluation of Management Efficiencies
- 9. Local Accountability and Governance

PROPOSAL:

A CHNA shall be conducted on the region of Kern County California contained within the SOI of EKHCD. This project will analyze both objectively measured health data (e.g. hospital admissions) and community members' perceptions of health issues through surveys and focus groups. Using public health statistics and hospital data, the report shall provide a detailed analysis of the community's health struggles, both in the way of morbidity (illness and disease) and mortality (death). The report will be made ready for the stakeholders (individuals, groups, and organizations with a vested interest).

TIMELINE:

Weeks 1 and 2:

Define SOI geographically, demographically, and culturally.

Weeks 2 and 3:

Initiate survey

A general assessment to identify any significant deviations from state,

national or Healthy People benchmarks.

Week 4:

Complete review with EKHCD

Week 5:

Specific assessment of "red flag issues", health care needs outside of the

general norms

Weeks 6 and 7:

Build focus groups of stakeholders to discuss key concerns (about 3

weeks to book focus groups)

Week 8:

Assess community resources available to meet healthcare in general and

to meet the red-flag concerns

Week 9:

Conduct focus groups

Weeks 10 and 11:

Review data from community survey and conduct focus groups

Week 12:

Electronic report, plus both printed report and PowerPoint Presentation

FISCAL IMPACT:

Project cost is \$18,000 with all services provided remotely.

One in-person presentation would be an additional \$4,000 for travel and personnel expenses. First payment of \$10,000 due upon contract signing and remaining \$8000 due upon receipt of final report and PowerPoint presentation.



Contract 2321

AGREEMENT

Client:

East Kern Health Care District

ATTN: Karen Macedonio, President

PO BOX 2546

California City, CA 93504

Project:

Community Health Needs Assessment

This letter will serve to confirm our mutual understanding of the terms and conditions under which East Kern Health Care District ("Client") wishes to retain the services of HPSA Acumen Inc. ("Contractor"), as its agent with respect to the Professional Services described below.

Phase 1: CHNA Statistical Analysis

A Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) shall be conducted for the Client on the region of Kern County California. This project will analyze both objectively measured health data (e.g., hospital admissions) and community members' perceptions of health issues through surveys and focus groups.

Health Issues – Morbidity and Mortality Statistical Analysis

Using public health statistics and hospital data, the Contractor shall provide a detailed analysis of the community's health struggles, both in the way of morbidity and mortality. Those rates shall be compared to state and national rankings to identify issues of concern. For the areas of concern, a closer analysis shall address trends and use descriptive and predictive analytical techniques to identify the age, race, or cohorts that may be struggling with issues that affect their health and well-being. This will allow for better tailored solutions from the focus group and stakeholders. This would include addressing any data available on seasonal residents that frequent Kern County during the winter months.

Perceived Health Issues - Survey of Community Members and Stakeholder Focus Group

When it comes to access to care, perceived issues can be as important to address as the actual illnesses. A survey of the community will build off of the previous CHNA survey. This will identify current concerns and assess improvements that have been made from the initiatives that followed the previous CHNA.

Phase 2: Reporting and Compliance

The Contractor will supply a finished report to the Client that defines the community, including the statistical analyses using all sources of data as stipulated by the Client. This report will be made ready for the stakeholders. It will also meet the CHNA requirement for the IRS 990 stipulated for 501(c) (3) organizations.

E-Mail: ios@hpsa.us Phone: 716-483-0888 ext. 202 PO Box 274 · Jamestown, NY 14702-0274

Web: www.hpsa.us

Fax: 716-487-0085

Contract 2321

Process and Timeline

- Definition of the community geographically, demographically, and culturally. Weeks 1&2
- Initiate the survey so that data collection happens concurrently with the quantitative analysis Weeks 2&3
- A general assessment of demographic, environmental, health statistics, and hospital data would identify any significant deviations from national, state, and/or Healthy People benchmarks. Findings well outside the norm would lead to deeper analysis. Week 4 completed reviewed with client.

Data sets to be used:

- 1) Public Health 10 Focus Groups Results for Kern County, CA
- 2) CA Department of Health Stats by Zones in Kern County, CA
- 3) Seasonal population data HPSA Acumen Inc.
- 4) Top admissions by type Ridgecrest Regional Hospital
- 5) Top ER admissions Ridgecrest Regional Hospital
- 6) CA state health statistics
- 7) County health rankings
- 8) World life expectancy.com relevant datasets
- 9) Payer Mix, Charity Mix, Medicaid ACCESS impact
- 10) Qualtrics data Ridgecrest Regional Hospital

General Outline of Components

1. Chronic Disease Management:

- a. Diabetes: Education, prevention, and management programs
- b. Heart Disease: Screening, prevention, and treatment services
- c. **Obesity:** Weight management and nutrition programs

2. Mental Health Services:

- a. Access to Care: Increasing the availability of mental health providers and services.
- b. Substance Abuse: Programs to address substance abuse and addiction

3. Access to Healthcare:

- a. Primary Care: Improving access to primary care providers
- b. Specialty Care: Enhancing access to specialists
- c. Dental Care: Providing dental services, particularly for underserved populations

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Web: <u>www.hpsa.us</u> Fax: 716-487-0085

4. Maternal and Child Health:

- a. Prenatal and Postnatal care: Services for expecting and new mothers
- b. Pediatric Services: Access to healthcare for children

5. Preventative Health Services:

- a. Screenings and Vaccinations: Increasing the availability of health screenings and immunizations
- b. Health Education: Providing education on healthy lifestyles and disease prevention.

6. Social Determinants of Health:

- a. Housing: Addressing issues related to housing stability and quality
- b. Transportation: Improving transportation options to access healthcare services
- c. Food Security: Ensuring access to healthy and affordable food

7. Emergency Services:

- a. Emergency Preparedness: Enhancing the community's preparedness for emergencies and natural disasters
- b. Emergency Medical Services: Improving the efficiency and availably of emergency medical services
- A specific assessment of healthcare needs would look into any findings that were identified in the general analysis as outside the normative range. These red flagged issues would receive an in-depth analysis with attention to trends and cross-tabulations that identify the age, race, or cohorts with other data. - Week 5
- After reviewing the findings with client, Contractor and Client will build a focus group of stakeholders to discuss those key concerns - Week 6 & 7 (note: budget 3-week time window for booking focus group)
- Contractor shall assess community resources to meet healthcare in general and to meet the health care concerns flagged in the general and specific quantitative analyses. - Week 8
 - Review data from community survey and then Conduct Focus Group Week 9
- Compile findings from focus group, community survey, and morbidity/mortality analysis Week 10 & 11
- Electronic report for stakeholders a summary of the findings would be generated for the Client to provide a platform for planning. The report would come in both paper form and a PowerPoint Presentation. -Week 12 report generated digitally (note: extra week for printing and delivery.)

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Web: www.hpsa.us Fax: 716-487-0085

Contract 2321

Project Cost

Cost of the project is \$18,000. All services shall be provided remotely. In the event the client wishes to have one in-person presentation to administration, leading focus groups, or presenting and facilitating at a stakeholder plenary forum, there shall be an additional \$4,000 billed for travel and personnel expenses. There will be no further charges to the Client.

First payment of \$10,000 is due upon signing of contract. The remainder of \$8,000 will be due upon delivery of the final report and PowerPoint Presentation.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Parties have executed this Agreement by their duly authorized representatives as of the Effective Date. Acumen will begin work on the project on the date a signed contract is received by email or mail. However, this Agreement shall become effective on the date consideration is received in the mail. By signing below, the parties hereto acknowledge that they have read the terms of this Agreement and agree to be legally bound by its terms and conditions.

HPSA Acumen Inc. PO Box 274 Jamestown, NY 14702	East Kern Health Care District PO BOX 2546 California City, CA 93504
Signature:	Signature:
Printed Name: Joseph N. Lampard	Printed Name:
Title: Vice President	Title:
Date:	Date:

E-Mail: jos@hpsa.us Phone: 716-483-0888 ext. 202 PO Box 274 · Jamestown, NY 14702-0274

Web: <u>www.hpsa.us</u> Fax: 716-487-0085 August 6, 2024

Staff Report: Submitted by Joselito Lacson, Designer

RE: Start Work Order for Meister and Meister, Shade Cover 9350 N Loop and walkway 9300 N Loop.

Per the terms of the bid documents, Meister and Meister have submitted their notarized performance bond and payment bond.

The cashier's check from Meister and Meister submitted with the bid documents shall be returned.

Work is scheduled to start August 7, 2024 with a total of 32 working days. Bid documents specify work to be completed within 45 calendar days.

Project Manager Joselito Lacson shall contact all tenants to advise of construction schedule, and will actively monitor that there is as little interference to normal business as possible.

Project Manager Joselito Lacson shall observe ongoing work on a weekly basis during the construction time. A final punch walk will be done for inspection of all work. A copy of the finalized permit with all appropriate signatures shall be submitted at the completed of the work.